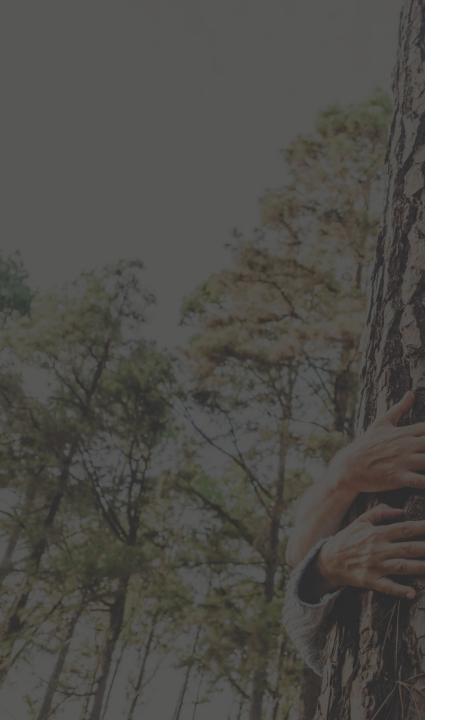
Canadians most likely to rank energy as sector with greatest potential to expand exports to non-US destinations; want to see Canada prioritize energy exports to Europe and Asia.







The research gauged the opinions among Canadians on climate ambition, energy affordability and whether the environment or the economy should be prioritized. It also delved into views on confidence and Canada's international positioning for emissions reductions. The survey also asked Canadians about energy infrastructure investments, which destinations Canada should prioritize for energy exports and their views on which sectors of the economy have the greatest potential to contribute to the country's objective of doubling exports to non-US destinations.

Nanos conducted an RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) hybrid telephone and online random survey of 1,045 Canadians, 18 years of age or older, between October 27th and 30th, 2025, as part of an omnibus survey.

The margin of error for a random survey of 1,055 Canadians is ± 3.0 percentage points, 19 times out of 20.

Full data tables with weighted and unweighted number of interviews are here:

By region, age and gender
By vote and political spectrum

The research was commissioned by the University of Ottawa's Positive Energy program and was conducted by Nanos Research.

KEY FINDINGS

1

CANADIANS ARE SPLIT ABOUT TIMING FOR ADDRESSING CLIMATE CHANGE

Nearly two in five Canadians (39%) believe it is the best time (score of 7-10 out of 10) for Canada to be ambitious in addressing climate change even if there are costs to the economy. This is consistent with the latest wave of tracking in May 2025 (37%). Over one in three say it is the worst time (score of 0-3 out of 10) (35%; 36% in May 2025). One in five Canadians also continue to rate this as absolutely the worst time to be ambitious (score of 0 out of 10) (22%; 20% in May 2025). When asked the reason for their views, those who think it is the best time (score 7-10 out of 10) most often said because we need to act now/climate change can't wait (66%; 67% in May 2025) while those who believe it is the worst time (score 0-3 out of 10) most often said so because there are other priorities/focus should be on health/basic needs (food, heat for winter, etc.) (21%, up from 18% in May 2025).

3

CANADIANS SIGNIFICANTLY MORE LIKELY TO PRIORITIZE ECONOMIC GROWTH OVER THE ENVIRONMENT

Nearly three in five Canadians think growth and creating jobs should be the top priority, even if the environment suffers to some extent. This is an increase of more than ten percentage points since the previous wave (57%, compared to 44% in November 2024). About one in three respondents say protecting the environment should be given priority, even if it causes slower economic growth and some loss of jobs (35%, compared to 46% in November 2024). Those who usually vote for the Conservative Party of Canada (88%) are over four times more likely to prioritize growth and creating jobs than those who usually vote for the New Democratic Party of Canada (19%), and those who are left-leaning are over six times more likely to prioritize the environment (69%) than those who are right-leaning (10%).

LEVEL OF CONCERN OVER ENERGY PRICES IN THE NEXT SIX MONTHS INCREASES

Concern over energy prices in the next six months (51% score of 7-10 out of 10) has increased since the most recent wave in May 2025 (45%). One in four Canadians (24%) rate their level of concern a 10 out of 10. Residents of the Atlantic region are more likely to be concerned (mean of 7.4 out of 10, compared to the national mean of 6.3) than residents of Quebec (mean of 5.9 out of 10), as were those who consider themselves right-leaning (mean of 7.1 out of 10) compared to those who consider themselves left-leaning (mean of 5.4 out of 10). When asked the reason for their views, those who say they are concerned most often said because of high cost/prices are increasing (25%); while those who say they are not concerned most often said I can afford it/not expensive/not concerned (58%).

4

CANADIANS HAVE MORE CONFIDENCE IN CITIZENS AND GOVERNMENTS THAN IN CORPORATIONS TO REDUCE EMISSIONS

Over one in four Canadians have high confidence (score of 7 to 10 out of 10) in citizens changing their behaviour (27%; marginally up from 22% in November 2024) and governments creating policies (26%; 24% in November 2024) to help reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Meanwhile, more than half of respondents have low confidence (score of 0 to 3 out of 10) in corporations changing their behaviour to help reduce greenhouse gas emissions (55%; marginally up from 50% in November 2024).



KEY FINDINGS

5

DECREASE IN RATE OF CANADIANS WHO THINK CANADA SHOULD AIM TO BE AHEAD OF OTHER MAJOR ECONOMIES WHEN IT COMES TO MEETING CLIMATE TARGETS

Just over one in three Canadians think Canada should aim to be ahead of other major economies when it comes to meeting climate targets (34%; down from 42% in October 2023). Nearly half of respondents said Canada should aim to be at about the same place as other major economies when it comes to meeting climate targets (49%, up from 40% in 2023) and over one in ten said it should aim to be behind other major economies in that matter (16%). Residents of BC are more likely to think Canada should aim to be ahead of other major economies when it comes to meeting climate targets (43%) compared to residents of the Prairies (23%).

MAJORITY OF CANADIANS AGREE GOVERNMENT SHOULD INVEST EQUALLY IN ENERGY INFRASTRUCTURE FOR CONSUMPTION IN CANADA AND FOR EXPORTS

When asked which of the paths forward they would prefer in terms of government investment in energy infrastructure, nearly three in five Canadians say it should invest equally in infrastructure for energy consumption in Canada and for energy exports (57%), while two in ten prioritize infrastructure for energy consumption in Canada (21%) and one in ten prioritize infrastructure for energy exports (11%).

CANADIANS SAY CANADA SHOULD PRIORITIZE EUROPE AND ASIA FOR ENERGY EXPORTS, FOLLOWED BY THE UNITED STATES

When asked which energy export destinations Canada should prioritize, one in three say Europe (35%), one in four says Asia (24%) and one in five say the United-States (19%). Residents of BC were twice as likely to say Asia (35%) than residents of Quebec (15%), and those who are right-leaning were over five times more likely to say the United-States (38%) than those who are left-leaning (7%).

8

ONE IN THREE CANADIANS SAY ENERGY IS THE ECONOMIC SECTOR WITH THE GREATEST POTENTIAL TO DOUBLE CANADA'S EXPORTS TO NON-US DESTINATIONS

When asked to rank which sectors have the most potential to help achieve the objective of doubling Canada's exports to non-US destinations over the next decade, energy ranked in the first place ($\frac{37\%}{5}$), followed by minerals and metals ($\frac{25\%}{5}$) and agriculture and food ($\frac{19\%}{5}$). Those who are right-leaning were more likely to rank energy first ($\frac{46\%}{5}$) compared to those who are left-leaning ($\frac{24\%}{5}$), and so were residents of the Prairies ($\frac{50\%}{5}$), compared to residents of Quebec ($\frac{29\%}{5}$).



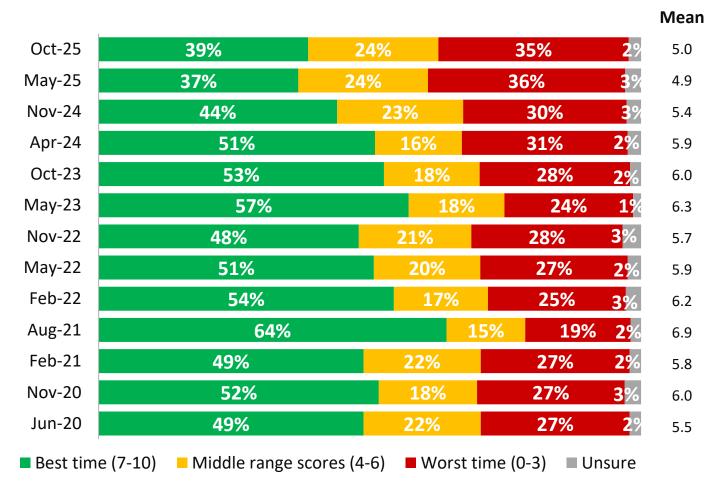




Over one in five (22%) continue to say it is the absolute worst time to be ambitious (score of 0 out of 10), while about sixteen per cent say it is the absolute best time to be ambitious (score of 10 out of 10).

Q – As you know many Canadians are concerned about both [ROTATE] climate change and the economy. On a scale of 0 to 10 where 0 means this is absolutely the worst time and 10 is absolutely the best time, how good a time is it for Canada to be ambitious in addressing climate change even if there are costs to the economy?

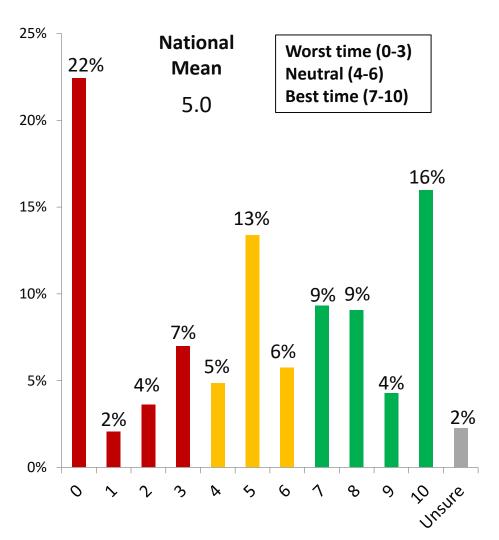
Timeliness for Canada to be ambitious in addressing climate change



^{*}Weighted to the true population proportion.



^{*}Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.



^{*}Weighted to the true population proportion.

Q – As you know many Canadians are concerned about both [ROTATE] climate change and the economy. On a scale of 0 to 10 where 0 means this is absolutely the worst time and 10 is absolutely the best time, how good a time is it for Canada to be ambitious in addressing climate change even if there are costs to the economy?

Timeliness for Canada to be ambitious in addressing climate change



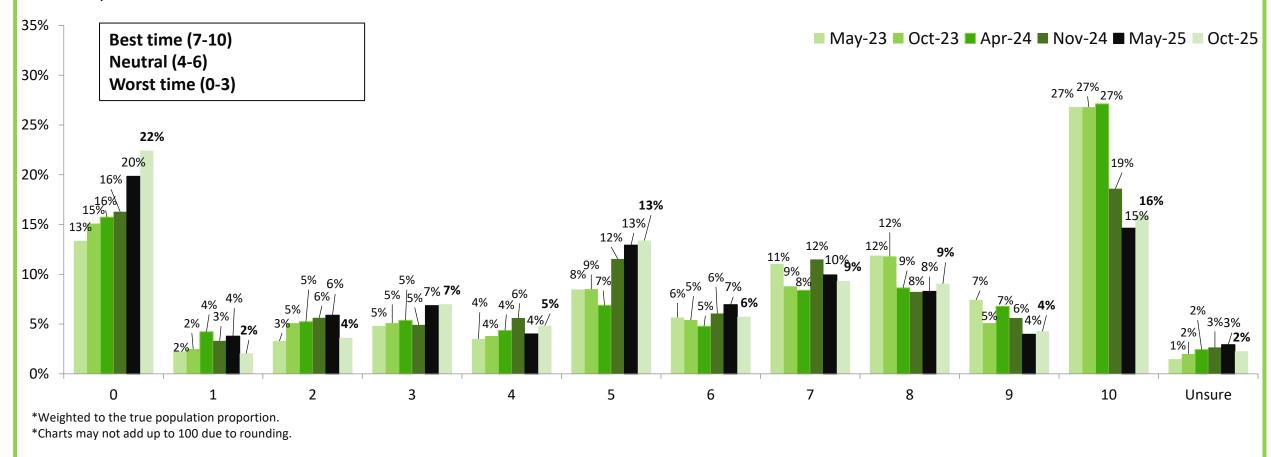




^{*}Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Distribution of responses on timeliness for Canada to be ambitious addressing climate change

Q – As you know many Canadians are concerned about both [ROTATE] climate change and the economy. On a scale of 0 to 10 where 0 means this is absolutely the worst time and 10 is absolutely the best time, how good a time is it for Canada to be ambitious in addressing climate change even if there are costs to the economy?





Reason for considering timeliness of Canada to be ambitious in addressing climate change

Q – Why do you have that opinion? [OPEN]

			Total		Best Time (7-10)			Neutral (4-6)			Worst Time (0-3)		
		2025-10 (n=894)	2025-05 (n=818)	2024-11 (n=792)	2025-10 (n=344)	2025-05 (n=318)	2024-11 (n=361)	2025-10 (n=212)	2025-05 (n=179)	2024-11 (n=160)	2025-10 (n=322)	2025-05 (n=310)	2024-11 (n=257)
	We need to act now, climate change can't wait	27.9%	30.0%	41.9%	66.4%	66.5%	82.4%	8.4%	13.5%	13.7%	-	0.7%	0.5%
	There are other priorities/focus should be on health/basic needs (food, heat for winter, etc.)	10.0%	12.3%	10.5%	0.4%	1.4%	1.5%	10.4%	22.8%	21.3%	20.8%	17.6%	17.3%
E S	Both the economy and the environment need to be taken into consideration	8.9%	8.3%	5.6%	6.8%	8.9%	3.5%	21.3%	16.1%	16.7%	2.0%	2.7%	1.8%
S	US relations/Trump/tariffs*	8.3%	1.9%	N/A	3.7%	1.3%	N/A	11.8%	2.2%	N/A	11.4%	2.5%	N/A
0	Current financial situation/inflation/upcoming recession	7.5%	5.2%	3.4%	0.9%	-	0.6%	11.7%	7.7%	6.7%	12.3%	9.8%	5.7%
E S P	I do not believe climate change is real or caused by humans/not a serious issue	6.7%	7.5%	3.5%	0.2%	0.8%	0.2%	2.1%	2.9%	1.4%	17.2%	18.2%	10.1%
~	Canada's impact on climate change is minimal	5.6%	10.5%	6.8%	-	0.3%	-	4.4%	4.6%	5.3%	12.8%	26.0%	18.5%
T 0 P	Diversifying into alternative energy sources and more environmentally friendly solutions could help the economy and provinces	4.8%	7.0%	1.9%	8.4%	13.8%	2.0%	4.6%	4.4%	1.9%	1.1%	1.4%	1.9%
	Addressing climate change would cost too much money/raise taxes	3.6%	3.6%	3.0%	0.8%	0.7%	0.7%	4.6%	3.3%	4.4%	6.3%	6.8%	5.6%
	Need to take action with caution/slowly/have a plan	2.9%	2.9%	1.3%	2.8%	1.8%	1.3%	7.0%	8.0%	1.4%	0.4%	1.1%	1.4%
	The government has not been effective in addressing climate changes/lack of trust and blame towards the government	2.1%	2.6%	5.0%	1.3%	1.6%	1.9%	0.7%	2.8%	2.2%	4.0%	3.1%	11.5%

^{*}Answer was added in the May 2025 wave





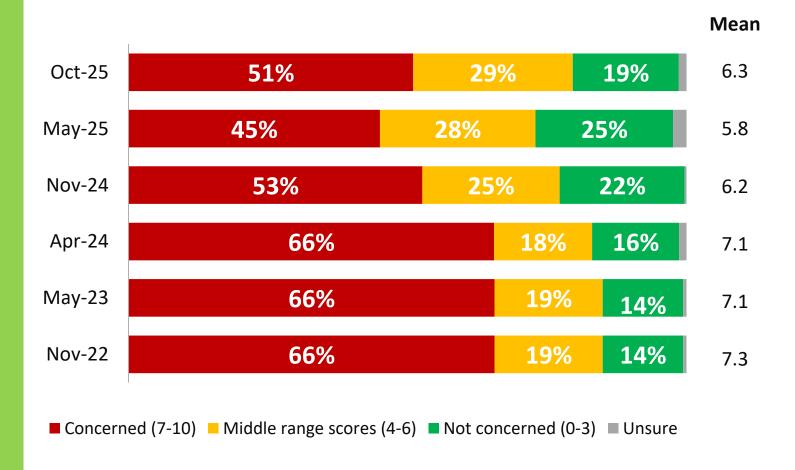
Concern over energy prices in the next six months (score of 7 to 10 out of 10) (51%) has increased since the most recent wave in May 2025 (45%).

Residents of the Atlantic region are more likely to be concerned (mean of 7.4 out of 10) than residents of Quebec (mean of 5.9 out of 10).

Of note, one in four Canadians rate their level of concern a 10 out of 10 (24%, see next slide)

Q – On a scale of 0 to 10 where 0 is not at all concerned and 10 is very concerned, how would you rate your concern for energy prices you will pay for things like heating and transportation over the next six months?

Level of concern for energy prices over next six months

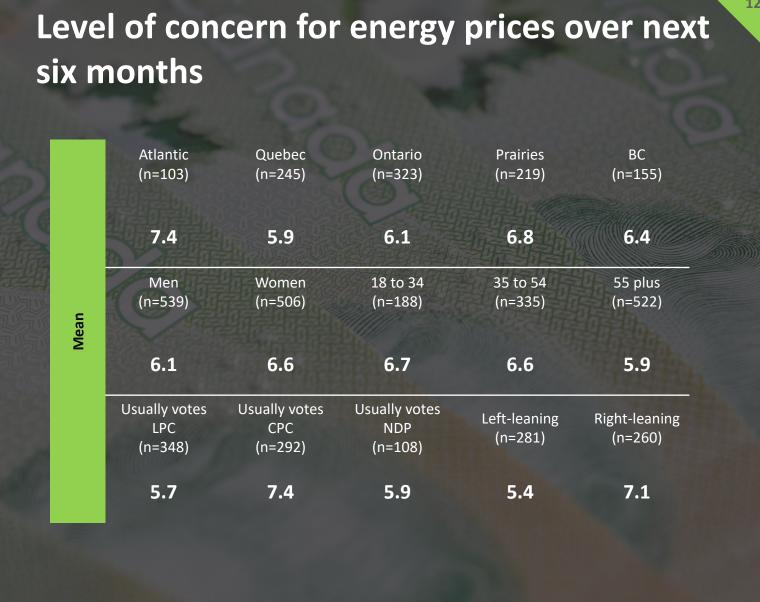


^{*}Weighted to the true population proportion.



^{*}Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Q – On a scale of 0 to 10 where 0 is not at all concerned and 10 is very concerned, how would you rate your concern for energy prices you will pay for things like heating and transportation over the next six months?





^{*}Weighted to the true population proportion.

^{*}Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Reason for level of concern for energy prices over next six months

Q – Why do you have that opinion [OPEN]

			A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH											
			Total		(Concerned ((7-10)	Mic	ldle range so	core (4-6)	Not concerned (0-3)			
		2025-10 (n=821)	2025-05 (n=697)	2024-11 (n=739)	2025-10 (n=415)	2025-05 (n=327)	2024-11 (n=395)	2025-10 (n=225)	2025-05 (n=179)	2024-11 (n=171)	2025-10 (n=172)	2025-05 (n=181)	2024-11 (n=173)	
	I can afford it/not expensive/not concerned	22.0%	21.1%	14.1%	2.9%	0.9%	2.8%	31.2%	33.0%	18.9%	57.8%	44.5%	33.9%	
	High cost/prices are increasing	16.0%	10.7%	7.2%	24.9%	18.4%	11.2%	11.6%	7.1%	5.9%	-	1.2%	-	
S S	Inflation/everything is expensive/cost of living	10.9%	6.7%	5.4%	17.8%	11.6%	8.2%	5.8%	4.6%	3.4%	0.7%	0.8%	1.0%	
S	I depend on it/have to be paid for/energy prices affect our lives/living costs	7.1%	4.8%	12.3%	10.0%	7.3%	19.1%	5.2%	1.7%	7.6%	2.2%	3.7%	2.4%	
S P O	I limit my use of energy/fossil fuels	6.4%	6.6%	9.6%	0.8%	2.4%	1.4%	9.8%	7.4%	16.7%	16.1%	13.3%	20.6%	
R E	I cannot afford it/my pay does not increase	5.6%	6.9%	5.6%	9.8%	13.9%	9.6%	2.0%	2.1%	2.7%	-	-	-	
۵	Carbon tax/high taxes	4.0%	8.7%	6.1%	6.1%	14.7%	11.0%	2.2%	5.0%	1.6%	1.1%	2.4%	-	
T 0	Result of war/conflict/ world's events	3.8%	2.4%	2.6%	3.2%	2.6%	3.2%	6.1%	2.9%	2.6%	1.7%	0.8%	1.4%	
	It benefits the companies/price gouging	3.6%	2.3%	3.0%	6.1%	3.5%	4.2%	1.3%	3.3%	2.1%	0.2%	-	1.5%	
	We have energy in Canada	3.5%	3.7%	1.7%	2.6%	4.3%	3.1%	5.1%	3.5%	0.4%	3.5%	4.5%	-	

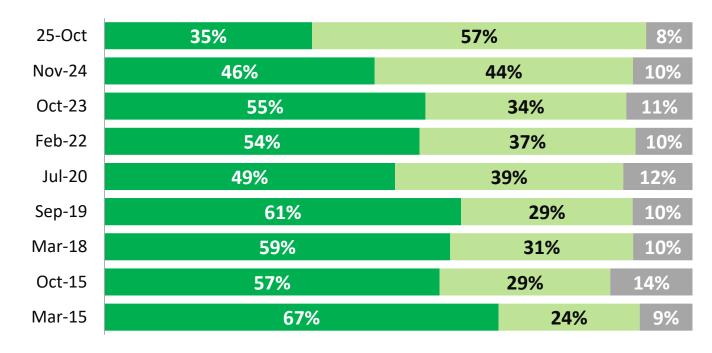


There has been a significant increase in respondents who think growth and creating jobs should be the top priority even if the environment suffers to some extent (57%, compared to 44% in November 2024), while those who think protecting the environment should be given priority, even if it causes slower economic growth and some loss of jobs has decreased by more than ten percentage points (35%, compared to 46% in November 2024).

Those who usually vote for the Conservative Party of Canada (88%) are over four times more likely to prioritize growth and creating jobs than those who usually vote for the New Democratic Party of Canada (19%).

Q – Which of the following two statements do you agree with most [ROTATE] Protecting the environment should be given priority, even if it causes slower economic growth and some loss of jobs OR growth and creating jobs should be the top priority, even if the environment suffers to some extent?

Prioritizing the environment or economic growth



[■] Protecting the environment should be given priority, even if it causes slower economic growth and some loss of jobs



[■] Growth and creating jobs should be the top priority, even if the environment suffers to some extent

Unsure

^{*}Weighted to the true population proportion.

^{*}Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

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- Protecting the environment should be given priority, even if it causes slower economic growth and some loss of jobs
- Growth and creating jobs should be the top priority, even if the environment suffers to some extent
- Unsure

Q – Which of the following two statements do you agree with most [ROTATE] Protecting the environment should be given priority, even if it causes slower economic growth and some loss of jobs OR growth and creating jobs should be the top priority, even if the environment suffers to some extent?

Prioritizing the environment or economic growth

	Atlantic	Quebec	Ontario	Prairies	ВС
	(n=103)	(n=245)	(n=323)	(n=219)	(n=155)
	36.0%	42.6%	31.7%	26.9%	43.6%
	Men	Women	18 to 34	35 to 54	55 plus
,	(n=539)	(n=506)	(n=188)	(n=335)	(n=522)
	29.7%	40.7%	44.0%	29.0%	34.7%
	Usually votes LPC	Usually votes CPC	Usually votes NDP (n=108)	Left-leaning (n=281)	Right-leaning (n=260)
	(n=348)	(n=292)			10.00/
	41.0%	7.8%	73.7%	68.9%	10.2%
3					
	Atlantic	Quebec	Ontario	Prairies	BC
3	(n=103)	(n=245)	(n=323)	(n=219)	(n=155)
<u> </u>	58.2%	46.1%	61.0%	67.1%	49.0%
	Men	Women	18 to 34	35 to 54	55 plus
֝֝֟֝֟֝֟֝֝֟֝֓֓֞֡֝֞֡֓֓֓֞֡֓֓֓֞֡֓	(n=539)	(n=506)	(n=188)	(n=335)	(n=522)
5	64.8%	49.1%	53.5%	60.5%	56.0%
	Usually votes LPC	Usually votes CPC	Usually votes NDP (n=108)	Left-leaning (n=281)	Right-leaning (n=260)
7	(n=348)	(n=292)		LE LA IN	Jun Jon
	49.8%	87.5%	19.4%	24.7%	85.9%
	0	SHIFE	me Alt		



^{*}Weighted to the true population proportion.

^{*}Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.



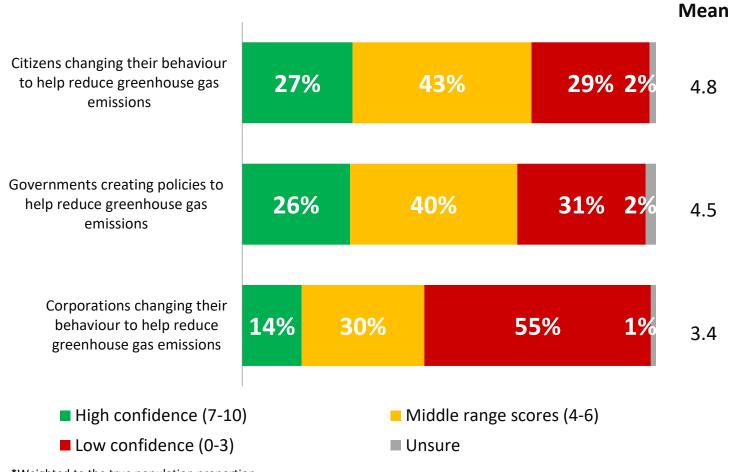
Canadians are split on their level of confidence in citizens changing their behaviour to help reduce greenhouse gas emissions, with over one in four having high confidence (score of 7 to 10 out of 10) and over one in four having low confidence (score of 0 to 3 out of 10).

Another one in four have high confidence (score of 7 to 10 out of 10) in governments creating policies to help reduce greenhouse gas emissions (26%), although more Canadians have low confidence (score of 0 to 3 out of 10) (31%).

Close to six in ten respondents have low confidence (score of 0 to 3 out of 10) in corporations changing their behaviour to help reduce greenhouse gas emissions (55%).

Q – Reducing greenhouse gas emissions involves a number of players to take action. How much confidence do you have in the following players to take action to reduce Canada's greenhouse gas emissions where 0 is no confidence at all and 10 is absolute confidence? [RANDOMIZE]

Confidence in players to take action to reduce greenhouse gas emissions



^{*}Weighted to the true population proportion.

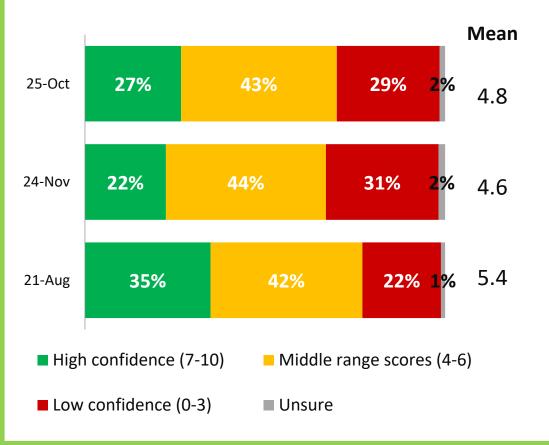


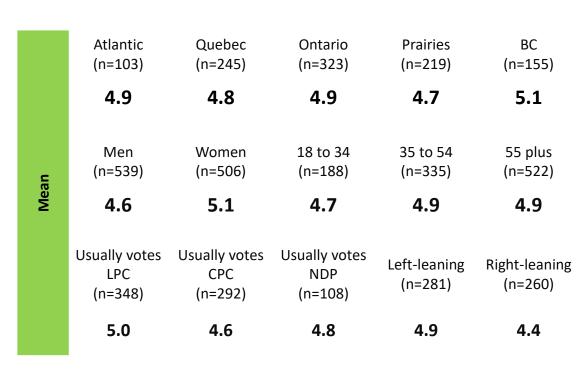
^{*}Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Confidence in citizens to take action to reduce greenhouse gas emissions

Q – Reducing greenhouse gas emissions involves a number of players to take action. How much confidence do you have in the following players to take action to reduce Canada's greenhouse gas emissions where 0 is no confidence at all and 10 is absolute confidence? [RANDOMIZE]

Citizens changing their behavior to help reduce greenhouse gas emissions





^{*}Weighted to the true population proportion.



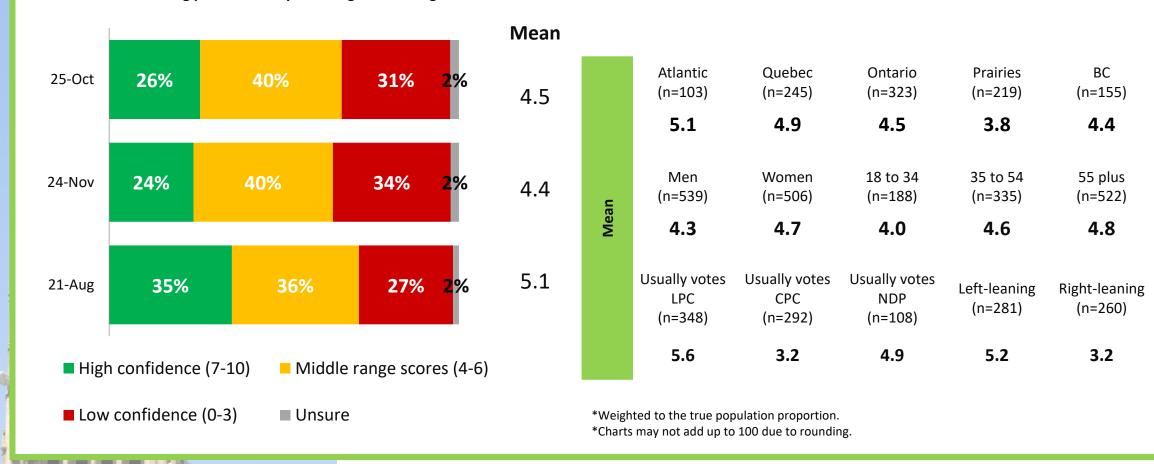
^{*}Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.



Confidence in governments to take action to reduce greenhouse gas emissions

Q – Reducing greenhouse gas emissions involves a number of players to take action. How much confidence do you have in the following players to take action to reduce Canada's greenhouse gas emissions where 0 is no confidence at all and 10 is absolute confidence? [RANDOMIZE]

Governments creating policies to help reduce greenhouse gas emissions



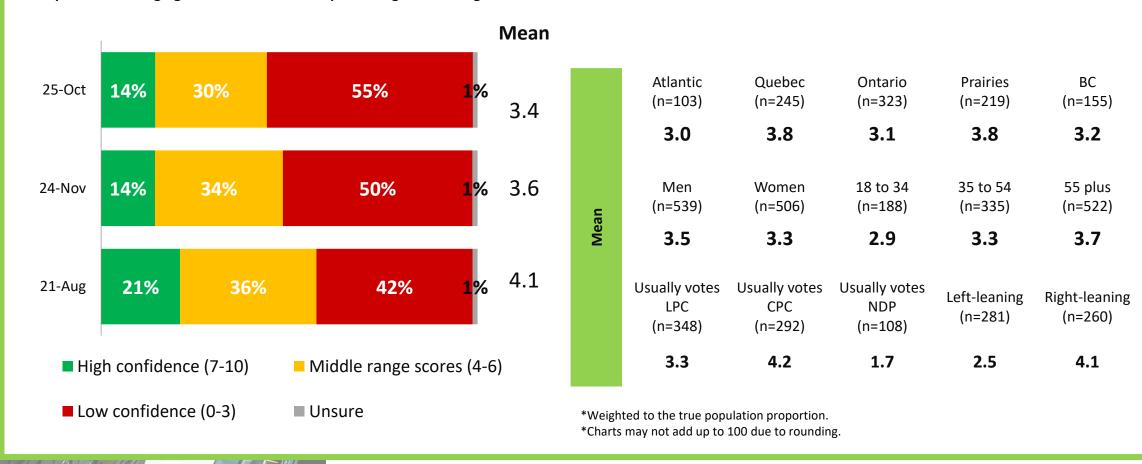




Confidence in corporations to take action to reduce greenhouse gas emissions

Q – Reducing greenhouse gas emissions involves a number of players to take action. How much confidence do you have in the following players to take action to reduce Canada's greenhouse gas emissions where 0 is no confidence at all and 10 is absolute confidence? [RANDOMIZE]

Corporations changing their behaviour to help reduce greenhouse gas emissions





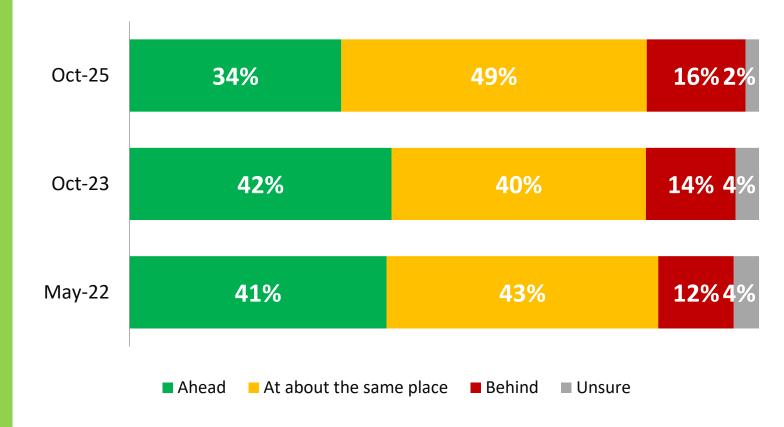


About one in three Canadians think Canada should aim to be ahead of other major economies when it comes to meeting climate targets (34%), which is a decrease since last wave (42% in October 2023).

Nearly one in two respondents said Canada should aim to be at about the same place as other major economies when it comes to meeting climate targets (49%) and over one in ten said it should aim to be behind other major economies in that matter (16%).

Q – Do you think Canada should aim to be ahead, at about the same place or be behind other major economies when it comes to meeting climate targets?

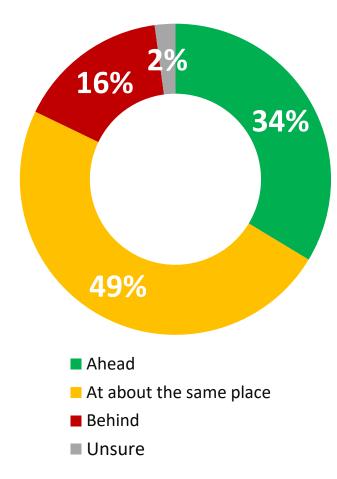
Canada's position meeting climate targets compared to other major economies



^{*}Weighted to the true population proportion.



^{*}Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.



^{*}Weighted to the true population proportion.

Q – Do you think Canada should aim to be ahead, at about the same place or be behind other major economies when it comes to meeting climate targets?

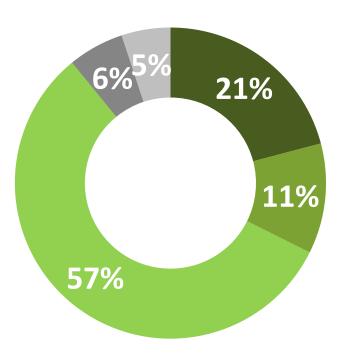
Canada's position meeting climate targets compared to other major economies

	Atlantic (n=103)	Quebec (n=245)	Ontario (n=323)	Prairies (n=219)	BC (n=155)
place	44.5%	46.7%	52.4%	51.0%	39.4%
same	Men (n=539)	Women (n=506)	18 to 34 (n=188)	35 to 54 (n=335)	55 plus (n=522)
t the	50.6%	46.5%	42.4%	50.3%	51.1%
At about the same place	Usually votes LPC (n=348)	Usually votes CPC (n=292)	Usually votes NDP (n=108)	Left-leaning (n=281)	Right-leaning (n=260)
	54.0%	53.0%	27.3%	32.6%	48.3%
	Atlantic Quebec (n=103) (n=245)		Ontario (n=323)	Prairies (n=219)	BC (n=155)
	37.6%	41.0%	30.3%	22.7%	42.8%
Ahead	Men (n=539)	Women (n=506)	18 to 34 (n=188)	35 to 54 (n=335)	55 plus (n=522)
Ą	28.4%	38.6%	41.4%	31.0%	30.7%
	Usually votes // LPC (n=348)	Usually votes CPC (n=292)	Usually votes NDP (n=108)	Left-leaning (n=281)	Right-leaning (n=260)
	40.0%	9.1%	68.8%	65.3%	9.4%



^{*}Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.





- Prioritizing infrastructure investments for energy consumption in Canada
- Prioritizing infrastructure investments for the export of energy
- Both should be done equally
- Government should not invest in energy infrastructure
- Unsure
- *Weighted to the true population proportion.
- *Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Q – In terms of government investment in energy infrastructure, which of the following paths forward would you prefer?

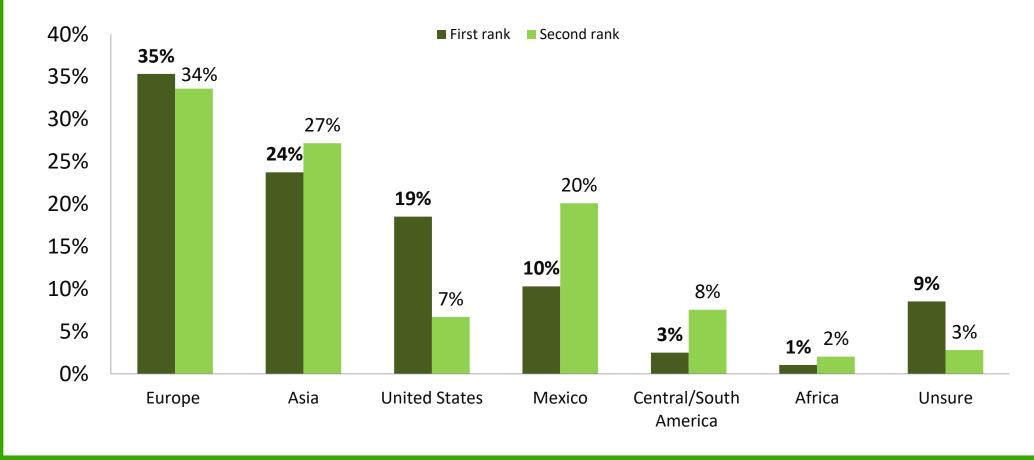
Government investment in energy infrastructure

ally	Atlantic (n=103)	Quebec (n=245)	Ontario (n=323)	Prairies (n=219)	BC (n=155)
edn	71.1%	52.6%	58.0%	60.3%	48.8%
e done	Men (n=539)	Women (n=506)	18 to 34 (n=188)	35 to 54 (n=335)	55 plus (n=522)
q p	54.5%	58.9%	52.1%	57.9%	58.8%
Both should be done equally	Usually votes LPC (n=348)	Usually votes CPC (n=292)	Usually votes NDP (n=108)	Left-leaning (n=281)	Right-leaning (n=260)
_ "	61.6%	60.5%	42.9%	46.6%	54.6%
a	Atlantic (n=103)	Quebec (n=245)	Ontario (n=323)	Prairies (n=219)	BC (n=155)
tructur energy Canada	14.2%	25.4%	20.2%	13.9%	27.3%
ofrastru s for en n in Cal	Men (n=539)	Women (n=506)	18 to 34 (n=188)	35 to 54 (n=335)	55 plus (n=522)
ng ir nent: iptio	19.7%	22.1%	27.1%	19.9%	17.6%
Prioritizing infrastructure investments for energy consumption in Canada	Usually votes LPC (n=348)	Usually votes CPC (n=292)	Usually votes NDP (n=108)	Left-leaning (n=281)	Right-leaning (n=260)
	21.7%	12.1%	42.0%	33.7%	14.6%



Canada's energy exports destinations

Q – Thinking of Canada's energy exports, which export destinations should Canada prioritize? Please rank the potential export destinations where 1 is the destination that Canada should prioritize the most and 2 the 2nd most. [RANDOMIZE]









Canada's energy exports destinations by demographics – First ranked

Q – Thinking of Canada's energy exports, which export destinations should Canada prioritize? Please rank the potential export destinations where 1 is the destination that Canada should prioritize the most and 2 the 2nd most. [RANDOMIZE]

7	Ser.		2025-10 (n=1043)	Atlantic (n=103)	Quebec (n=243)	Ontario (n=323)	Prairies (n=219)	BC (n=155)	Men (n=538)	Women (n=505)	18-34 (n=187)	35-54 (n=335)	55 plus (n=521)
		Europe	35.3%	43.0%	36.7%	36.0%	34.5%	28.7%	33.3%	37.3%	31.7%	31.6%	40.6%
		Asia	23.7%	18.4%	14.5%	25.8%	24.4%	35.2%	31.4%	16.4%	18.2%	26.9%	24.8%
2	¥	United States	18.5%	19.0%	23.4%	17.0%	18.9%	14.1%	22.6%	14.7%	24.4%	18.6%	14.7%
	1st Rank	Mexico	10.3%	9.7%	11.3%	8.7%	12.8%	10.5%	6.8%	13.7%	12.1%	9.2%	10.0%
		Central/South America	2.5%	0.9%	3.9%	2.1%	1.7%	3.2%	0.9%	4.0%	2.8%	3.7%	1.4%
3		Africa	1.0%	-	1.3%	1.5%	0.6%	0.6%	1.0%	1.1%	0.8%	1.4%	0.9%
0		Unsure	8.5%	9.1%	9.1%	9.0%	7.1%	7.8%	4.0%	12.9%	9.9%	8.6%	7.6%



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Canada's energy exports destinations by political leaning – First ranked

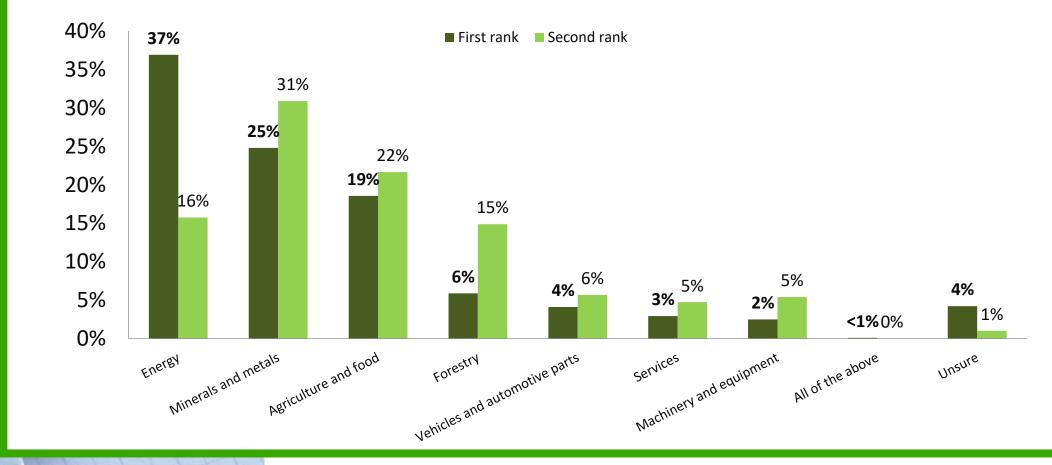
Q – Thinking of Canada's energy exports, which export destinations should Canada prioritize? Please rank the potential export destinations where 1 is the destination that Canada should prioritize the most and 2 the 2nd most. [RANDOMIZE]

1		2025-10 (n=1043)	Usually votes LPC (n=348)	Usually votes CPC (n=292)	Usually votes NDP (n=108)	Left-leaning (n=281)	Right-leaning (n=259)
	Europe	35.3%	37.1%	31.6%	32.7%	39.2%	31.2%
	Asia	23.7%	29.8%	20.7%	19.4%	20.7%	22.3%
	United States	18.5%	12.7%	35.7%	2.9%	6.5%	38.3%
	Mexico	10.3%	12.8%	6.9%	18.2%	16.0%	4.5%
	Unsure	8.5%	5.4%	4.3%	22.4%	12.8%	2.4%
	Central/South America	2.5%	2.3%	0.8%	2.2%	2.6%	1.3%
	Africa	1.0%	-	-	2.1%	2.2%	-



Sectors for non-US destinations' exports

Q – The federal government has set the objective of doubling Canada's exports to non-US destinations over the next decade. Please rank the following sectors in terms of their potential to help achieve this goal, where 1 is the sector with the most potential and 2 the 2nd most. [RANDOMIZE]







Sectors for non-US destinations' exports - by demographics – First ranked

Q – The federal government has set the objective of doubling Canada's exports to non-US destinations over the next decade. Please rank the following sectors in terms of their potential to help achieve this goal, where 1 is the sector with the most potential and 2 the 2nd most. [RANDOMIZE]

		2025-10 (n=1041)	Atlantic (n=103)	Quebec (n=243)	Ontario (n=322)	Prairies (n=218)	BC (n=155)	Men (n=536)	Women (n=505)	18-34 (n=188)	35-54 (n=333)	55 plus (n=520)
	Energy	36.9%	31.3%	28.5%	36.1%	50.1%	39.4%	40.0%	34.0%	35.1%	37.2%	37.8%
	Minerals and metals	24.8%	30.4%	34.7%	26.0%	11.5%	19.3%	26.3%	23.4%	21.7%	26.5%	25.5%
	Agriculture and food	18.6%	17.5%	13.1%	20.1%	22.8%	18.4%	16.4%	20.6%	16.6%	15.2%	22.4%
¥	Forestry	5.9%	10.0%	9.6%	1.9%	2.8%	12.5%	4.5%	7.2%	4.6%	8.3%	4.8%
1st Rank	Vehicles and automotive parts	4.1%	4.8%	3.7%	5.6%	3.0%	1.6%	3.0%	5.2%	7.1%	3.1%	2.9%
	Machinery and equipment	2.5%	1.2%	2.9%	2.4%	3.7%	1.0%	2.9%	2.1%	2.5%	2.8%	2.2%
	Services	2.9%	-	3.4%	3.7%	2.1%	2.7%	3.4%	2.5%	5.3%	2.2%	1.9%
	All of the above	0.1%	-	-	-	-	0.7%	-	0.2%	-	0.3%	-
	Unsure	4.2%	4.7%	4.2%	4.2%	4.0%	4.4%	3.6%	4.8%	7.1%	4.2%	2.3%



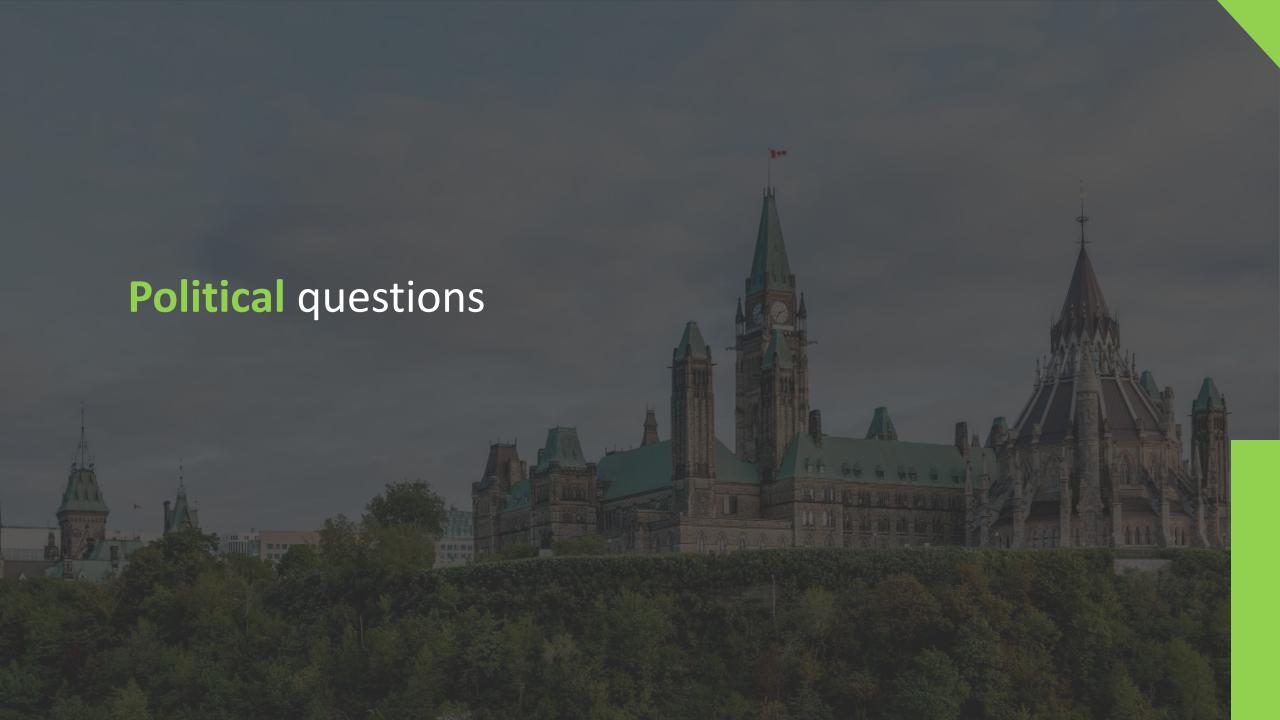


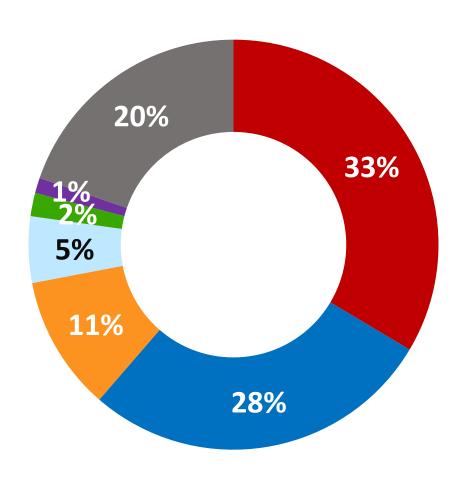
Sectors for non-US destinations' exports - by vote and political spectrum – First ranked

Q – The federal government has set the objective of doubling Canada's exports to non-US destinations over the next decade. Please rank the following sectors in terms of their potential to help achieve this goal, where 1 is the sector with the most potential and 2 the 2nd most. [RANDOMIZE]

W-		2025-10 (n=1041)	Usually votes LPC (n=348)	Usually votes CPC (n=291)	Usually votes NDP (n=108)	Left-leaning (n=280)	Right-leaning (n=259)
	Energy	36.9%	33.9%	53.1%	20.1%	24.4%	46.0%
	Minerals and metals	24.8%	28.5%	22.0%	24.7%	23.3%	25.5%
	Agriculture and food	18.6%	19.0%	13.5%	20.4%	24.7%	16.2%
я	Forestry	5.9%	5.3%	2.6%	9.2%	7.5%	3.0%
1 st Rank	Vehicles and automotive parts	4.1%	4.7%	4.7%	5.0%	4.7%	5.0%
	Machinery and equipment	2.5%	2.3%	1.8%	4.5%	2.3%	4.5%
	Services	2.9%	3.0%	0.9%	4.2%	3.0%	4.2%
	All of the above	0.1%	-	-	-	-	-
	Unsure	4.2%	3.3%	1.6%	11.9%	3.3%	11.9%







^{*}Weighted to the true population proportion.

Q - Thinking of federal elections, which federal party do you usually vote for [RANDOMIZE]

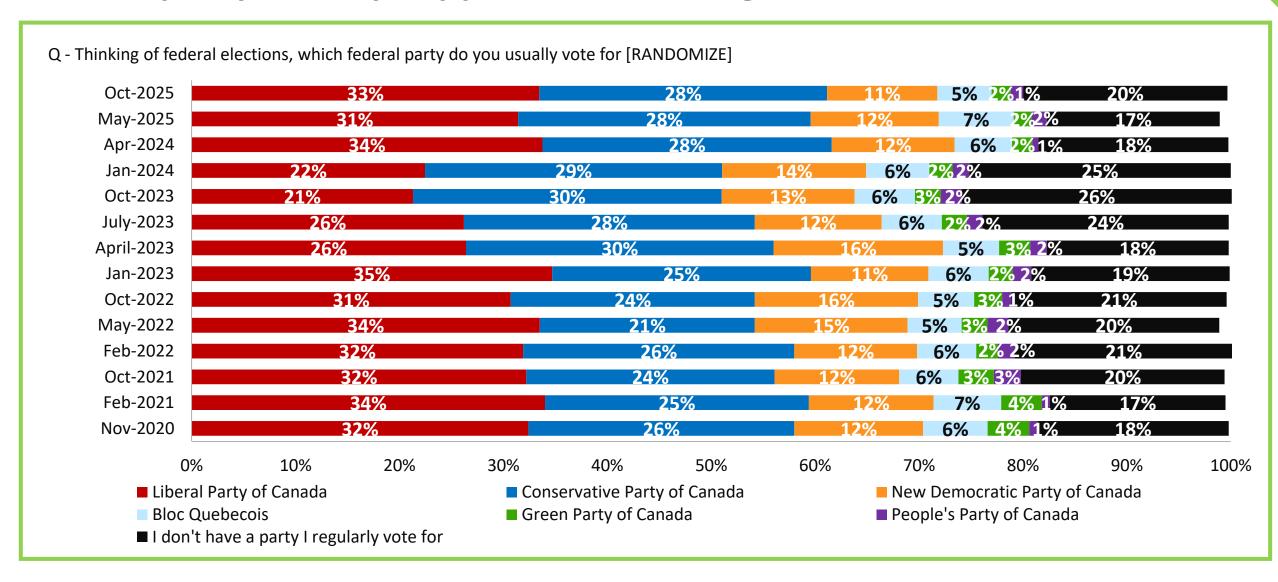
Federal party usually supported

- Liberal Party of Canada
- Conservative Party of Canada
- New Democratic Party of Canada
- Bloc Quebecois
- Green Party of Canada
- People's Party of Canada
- I don't have a party I regularly vote for

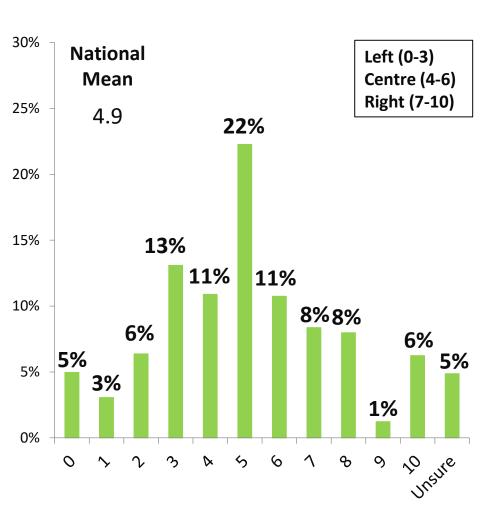


^{*}Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Federal party usually supported - Tracking

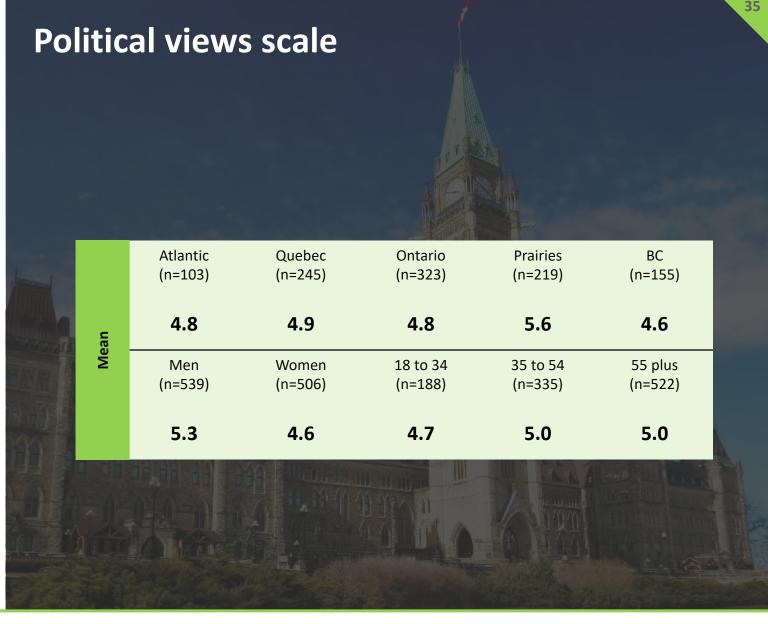






^{*}Weighted to the true population proportion.

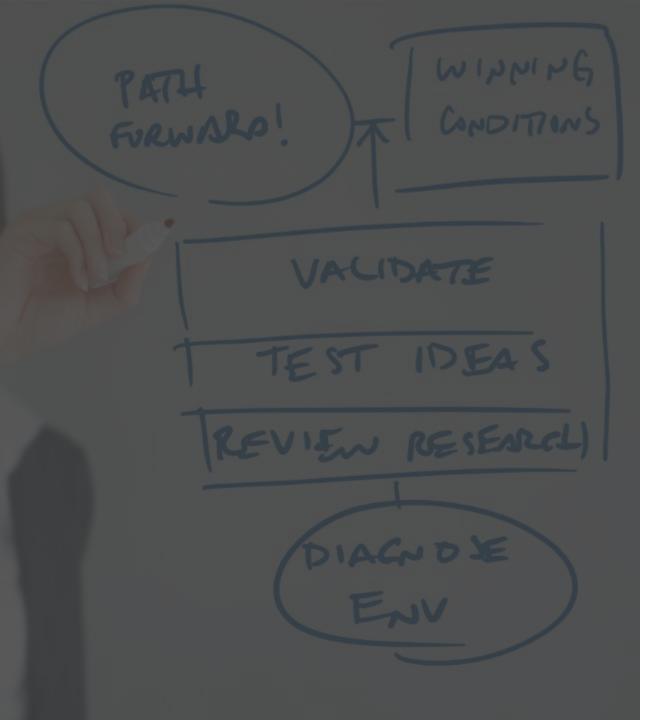
Q –In politics people sometimes talk of left and right. In terms of your political views, where would you place yourself on a scale where 0 means left and 10 means right?







^{*}Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.



Nanos conducted an RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) hybrid telephone and online random survey of 1,045 Canadians, 18 years of age or older, between October 27th and 30th, 2025, as part of an omnibus survey. Participants were randomly recruited by telephone using live agents and administered a survey online. The results were statistically checked and weighted by age and gender using the latest Census information and the sample is geographically stratified to be representative of Canada.

Individuals were randomly called using random digit dialing with a maximum of five call backs.

The margin of error for a random survey of 1,045 Canadians is ± 3.0 percentage points, 19 times out of 20.

The research was commissioned by Positive Energy at the University of Ottawa and was conducted by Nanos Research.

Full data tables with weighted and unweighted number of interviews are here:

By region, age and gender
By vote and political spectrum

Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

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Element	Description	Element	Description		
Research sponsor	Positive Energy at the University of Ottawa	Weighting of Data	The results were weighted by age and gender using the latest Census information (2021) and the sample is geographically stratified to ensure a distribution across all		
Population and Final Sample Size	1,045 Randomly selected individuals.		regions of Canada. See tables for full weighting disclosure.		
Source of Sample	Nanos Probability Panel	Screening	Screening ensured potential respondents did not work in the market research industry, in the advertising industry, in the media or a political party prior to administering the survey to ensure the integrity of the data.		
Type of Sample	Probability	5 1 1 15	Individuals younger than 18 years old; individuals without land or cell lines, and		
Margin of Error	± 3.0 percentage points, 19 times out of 20.	Excluded Demographics	individuals without internet access could not participate.		
Mode of Survey	RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) hybrid telephone and online omnibus survey	Stratification	By age and gender using the latest Census information (2021) and the sample is geographically stratified to be representative of Canada. Smaller areas such as Atlantic Canada were marginally oversampled to allow for a minimum regional		
Sampling Method Base	The sample included both land- and cell-lines RDD (Random Digit Dialed) across Canada.	Estimated Response Rate	sample. 12 percent, consistent with industry norms.		
Demographics (Captured)	Atlantic Canada, Quebec, Ontario, Prairies, British Columbia; Men and Women; 18 years and older. Six-digit postal code was used to validate geography.	Question Order	Question order in the tabulations appended to this report reflects the order in which they appeared in the original questionnaire.		
Fieldwork/Validation	Live CATI interviews with live supervision to validate work.	Question Content	Topics on the omnibus ahead of the survey content included: views on political issues, views on economic issues, views on tariffs, the federal budget, grocery affordability, the annual operating deficit, innovation and risk of failure		
Number of Calls	Maximum of five call backs.		and the fisheries in Canada. The questions in the preceding report are written exactly as they were asked to		
Time of Calls	Individuals were called between 6:30-9:30pm local time for the respondent.	Question Wording	individuals.		
Field Dates	October 27 th to 30 th , 2025.	Research/Data Collection Supplier	Nanos Research		
Language of Survey	The survey was conducted in both English and French.	Contact	Contact Nanos Research for more information or with any concerns or questions. http://www.nanos.co Telephone:(613) 234-4666 ext. 237		
Standards	Nanos Research is a member of the Canadian Research Insights Council (CRIC) and confirms that this research fully complies with all CRIC Standards including the CRIC Public Opinion Research Standards and Disclosure Requirements.		Email: info@nanosresearch.com.		
	https://canadianresearchinsightscouncil.ca/standards/	Data Tables	By region, age and gender By vote and political spectrum		



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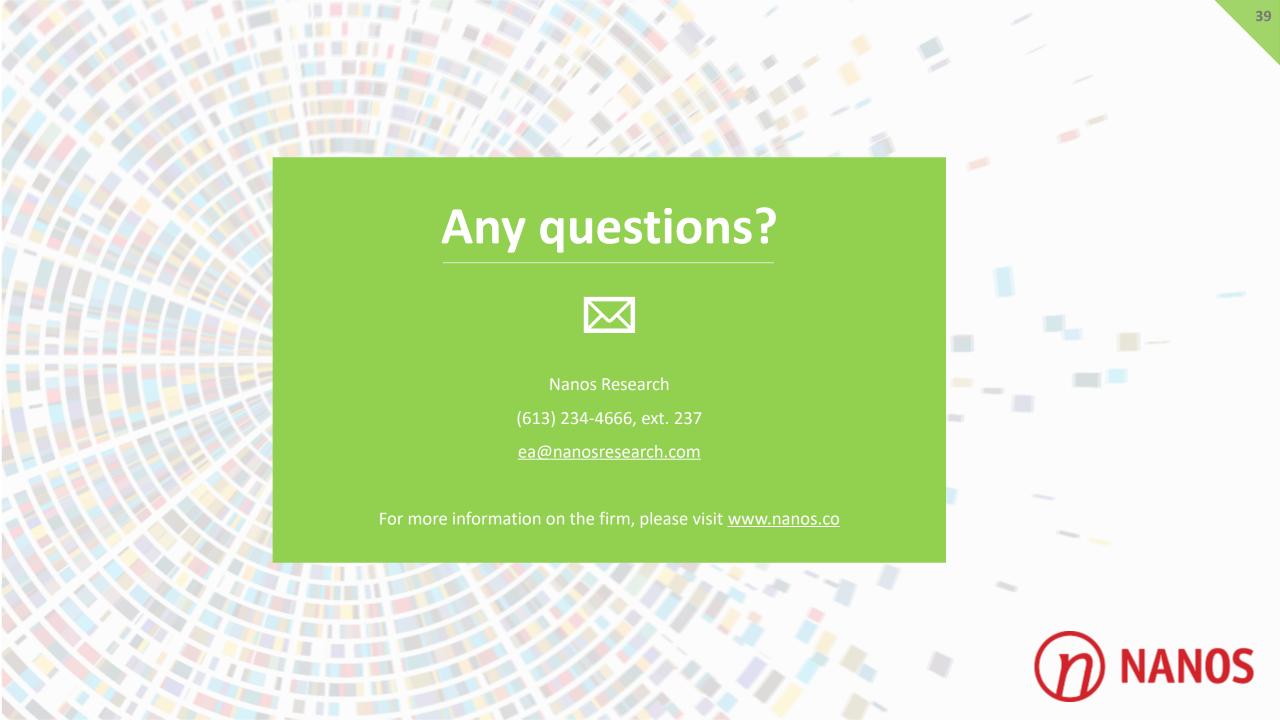


dimap

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Ethic Strategies was created by the founding partners of <u>PAA Advisory</u> and the <u>Nanos</u> <u>Research Corporation</u>, both recognized leaders in research, advocacy, and advisory. Ethic provides bespoke strategic counsel, advice, and communications strategies to organizations facing serious issues. <u>www.ethicstrategies.com</u>





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