Ontarians prefer the government prioritize spending on public hospitals than private clinics – Vast majority say there isn't enough staff in hospitals in Ontario.

Survey | Summary Conducted by Nanos for the OCHU-CUPE, June 2025. Field: May 27<sup>th</sup> to June 1<sup>st</sup>, 2025 Submission 2025-2837





The research gauged the opinions among Ontarians on healthcare and funding.

Nanos conducted an online representative survey of 1,017 Ontarians, 18 years of age or older, between May 27<sup>th</sup> and June 1<sup>st</sup>, 2025.

A margin of error cannot be calculated on a non-probability sample. For comparison purposes, a probability sample of 1,017 respondents would have a margin of error of ±3.1 percentage points, 19 times out of 20.

The statistical tabulations including the unweighted and weighted number of interviews can be accessed here: by region age and gender

<u>by vote</u>

The research was commissioned by OCHU-CUPE and was conducted by Nanos Research.



### ONTARIANS BELIEVE THE GOVERNMENT SHOULD PRIORITIZE SPENDING ON PUBLIC HOSPITALS RATHER THAN PRIVATE, FOR-PROFIT CLINICS

Nearly three in four Ontarians (73%) believe the government should prioritize spending on public hospitals, while <u>16 percent</u> believe the government should prioritize spending on both public hospitals and private, for-profit clinics. One in twenty-five (four percent) believe the government should prioritize spending on private, for-profit clinics and <u>seven percent</u> report being unsure. Respondents who report usually voting for the NDP at the provincial level are more likely to believe the government should prioritize spending on public hospitals (<u>94%</u>) than those who report usually voting for the Liberal Party (<u>73%</u>) or the Progressive Conservative Party (<u>63%</u>) at the provincial level.

#### MAJORITY OF ONTARIANS SAY IT IS OUTRIGHT UNACCEPTABLE FOR FOR-PROFIT CLINICS TO CHARGE PEOPLE FOR MEDICALLY NECESSARY SURGERIES

Ontarians are about two and a half times more likely to say it is unacceptable to some extent (52% unacceptable; 15% somewhat unacceptable) than they are to say it is acceptable to some extent (six percent acceptable; 20% somewhat acceptable) for for-profit surgical clinics to charge people for medically necessary surgeries. Women (58%) are more likely than men (46%) to say this is outright unacceptable. Respondents in the Golden Horseshoe West region (58%) are also more likely than those in the GTA (47%) to say this is outright unacceptable.

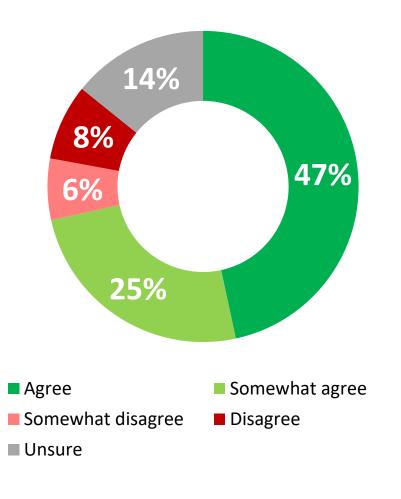
#### ONTARIANS ARE MORE LIKELY TO AGREE THAN TO DISAGREE THAT CONTINUED EXPANSION OF FOR-PROFIT CATARACT SURGERIES WILL HAVE A NEGATIVE IMPACT ON ACCESS TO CARE FOR THE POOREST PEOPLE

Just over seven in ten Ontarians agree (47%) or somewhat agree (25%) with the 2024 study findings that the continued expansion of for-profit cataract surgeries will have a negative impact on access to care for the poorest people. Meanwhile, fourteen percent disagree (eight percent) or somewhat disagree (six percent) with the study findings, while another 14 percent report being unsure. Respondents who report usually voting for the Liberal Party or the NDP at the provincial level are more likely to agree or somewhat agree with the study findings (80% Liberal; 92% NDP) than those who report usually voting for the Progressive Conservative Party at the provincial level (67%).

### VAST MAJORITY OF ONTARIANS SAYT THERE IS NOT ENOUGH STAFF IN ONTARIO HOSPITALS

Over four in five Ontarians (<u>84%</u>) believe there is currently not enough staff in hospitals in Ontario. <u>Three percent</u> say there is too much staff in Ontario hospitals, while <u>five</u> <u>percent</u> say there is enough staff and <u>eight percent</u> report being unsure. Respondents who report usually voting for the NDP at the provincial level are more likely to believe there is not enough staff in Ontario hospitals (<u>96%</u>) than those who report usually voting for the Progressive Conservative Party at the provincial level (<u>82%</u>).





\*Weighted to the true population proportion. \*Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Q – A 2024 study suggested that privatization of hospital cataract surgeries resulted in reduced access for the poorest Ontarians while increasing access for the wealthiest Ontarians. Do you agree, somewhat agree, somewhat disagree or disagree with the study findings that the continued expansion of for-profit cataract surgeries will have a negative impact on access to care for the poorest people?

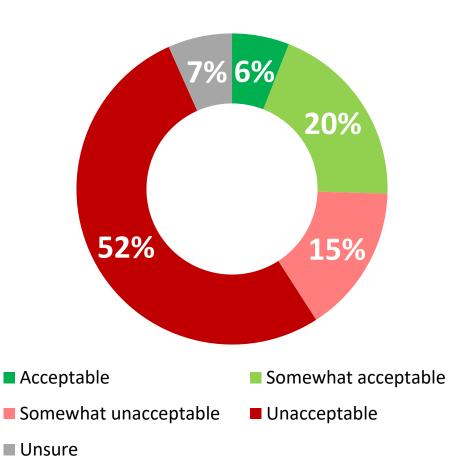
Source: Nanos conducted an online representative survey of 1,015 Ontarians, 18 years of age or older, between May 27<sup>th</sup> and June 1<sup>st</sup>, 2025.





### Agreement with findings on the impact of privatization of hospital cataract surgeries

ree	Golden Horseshoe West (n=178)	Southwest/ Central (n=215)	East/North (n=219)	Toronto (n=181)	GTA (n=222)
Agree/Somewhat agree	66.5%	77.1%	76.6%	70.3%	66.5%
	Men (n=510)	Women (n=502)	18 to 34 (n=253)	35 to 54 (n=376)	55 plus (n=386)
	69.8%	73.2%	74.1%	67.7%	72.8%
	Usually votes PC (n=339)	Usually votes Liberal (n=253)	Usually votes NDP (n=120)		
	66.9%	79.8%	91.7%		
agree	Golden Horseshoe West (n=178)	Southwest/ Central (n=215)	East/North (n=219)	Toronto (n=181)	GTA (n=222)
it dis	17.4%	11.3%	13.8%	15.5%	14.0%
Disagree/Somewhat disagree	Men (n=510)	Women (n=502)	18 to 34 (n=253)	35 to 54 (n=376)	55 plus (n=386)
ee/S	17.1%	11.5%	13.9%	16.0%	13.1%
Disagre	Usually votes PC (n=339)	Usually votes Liberal (n=253)	Usually votes NDP (n=120)		
	20.8%	8.4%	5.1%		



\*Weighted to the true population proportion. \*Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Q – Do you think it is acceptable, somewhat acceptable, somewhat not acceptable or not acceptable for for-profit surgical clinics to charge people for medically necessary surgeries?

Source: Nanos conducted an online representative survey of 1,015 Ontarians, 18 years of age or older, between May 27<sup>th</sup> and June 1<sup>st</sup>, 2025.



Acceptability of for-profit charges on medically necessary surgeries

# 2 in 3 Ontarians

report that it is unacceptable (52%) or somewhat unacceptable (15%) for for-profit surgical clinics to charge people for medically necessary surgeries. About one in four believe this is acceptable (six percent) or somewhat acceptable (20%) and seven percent report being unsure.



# Acceptability of for-profit charges on medically necessary surgeries - by demographics

Q – Do you think it is acceptable, somewhat acceptable, somewhat not acceptable or not acceptable for for-profit surgical clinics to charge people for medically necessary surgeries?

	2025-06 (n=1015)	Golden Horseshoe West (n=178)	Southwest/ Central (n=213)	East/North (n=220)	Toronto (n=181)	GTA (n=223)	Men (n=510)	Women (n=502)	18-34 (n=254)	35-54 (n=377)	55 plus (n=384)	Usually votes PC (n=338)	Usually votes Liberal (n=252)	Usually votes NDP (n=120)
Acceptable	6.0%	3.8%	6.4%	5.8%	7.0%	6.6%	9.0%	3.1%	9.3%	6.9%	2.9%	11.5%	4.9%	0.5%
Somewhat acceptable	19.5%	15.1%	17.2%	17.8%	25.4%	22.3%	21.2%	18.1%	25.0%	19.4%	15.9%	31.2%	13.3%	6.7%
Somewhat unacceptable	15.4%	14.4%	14.9%	15.7%	16.1%	16.0%	16.1%	14.9%	16.1%	18.0%	12.9%	14.6%	18.9%	13.9%
Unacceptable	52.4%	57.7%	55.6%	53.6%	48.9%	47.1%	46.3%	57.9%	42.1%	48.0%	63.0%	37.4%	59.5%	75.7%
Unsure	6.7%	9.1%	5.9%	7.2%	2.7%	8.1%	7.4%	6.1%	7.5%	7.7%	5.3%	5.3%	3.3%	3.2%

Source: Nanos conducted an online representative survey of 1,015 Ontarians, 18 years of age or older, between May  $27^{th}$  and June  $1^{st}$ , 2025.

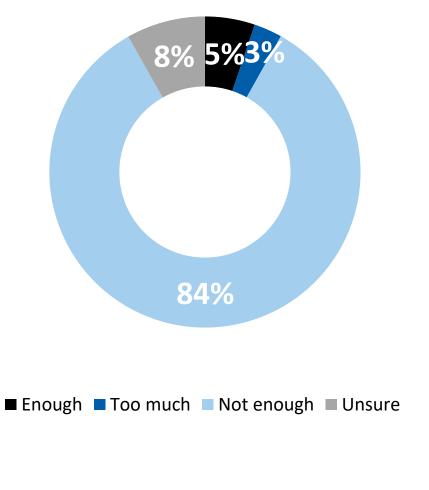


Q – Thinking about funding for healthcare services in Ontario, do you think the government should prioritize spending on public hospitals or private, for-profit clinics?

	73%						<mark>4% 16%</mark> 7%					
	Public hospitals *Weighted to the true population proportion. *Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.			Private, for-profit clinics		Both equally		Unsure				
	Golden Horseshoe West (n=177)	Southwest/ Central (n=213)	East/North (n=215)	Toronto (n=179)	GTA (n=223)		Golden Horseshoe West (n=177)	Southwest/ Central (n=213)	East/North (n=215)	Toronto (n=179)	GTA (n=223)	
S	77.6%	78.5%	75.0%	69.2%	65.7%	clinics	3.7%	5.5%	1.9%	2.5%	5.9%	
Public hospitals	Men (n=508)	Women (n=496)	18 to 34 (n=252)	35 to 54 (n=376)	55 plus (n=379)	profit c	Men (n=508)	Women (n=496)	18 to 34 (n=252)	35 to 54 (n=376)	55 plus (n=379)	
blic h	72.8%	73.5%	65.8%	72.1%	78.8%	, for-	6.2%	1.7%	9.5%	2.8%	1.1%	
Pu	Usually votes PC (n=339)	Usually votes Liberal (n=253)	Usually votes NDP (n=120)			Private, for-profit	Usually votes PC (n=339)	Usually votes Liberal (n=253)	Usually votes NDP (n=120)			
	62.9%	78.3%	93.6%				8.3%	3.2%	0.7%			

Source: Nanos conducted an online representative survey of 1,007 Ontarians, 18 years of age or older, between May 27<sup>th</sup> and June 1<sup>st</sup>, 2025.





\*Weighted to the true population proportion. \*Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Q – Do you think there is currently enough, too much or not enough staff in hospitals in Ontario?

Source: Nanos conducted an online representative survey of 1,004 Ontarians, 18 years of age or older, between May 27<sup>th</sup> and June 1<sup>st</sup>, 2025.



	Golden Horseshoe West (n=177)	Southwest/ Central (n=210)	East/North (n=214)	Toronto (n=180)	GTA (n=223)	
	1.5%	3.8%	2.7%	3.3%	3.2%	
Too much	Men (n=506)	Women (n=495)	18 to 34 (n=253)	35 to 54 (n=374)	55 plus (n=377)	
Too	3.4%	2.5%	5.3%	2.9%	1.3%	
	Usually votes PC (n=334)	Usually votes Liberal (n=251)	Usually votes NDP (n=119)			
	4.5%	2.6%	1.5%			
	Golden Horseshoe West (n=177)	Southwest/ Central (n=210)	East/North (n=214)	Toronto (n=180)	GTA (n=223)	
	84.8%	81.6%	89.1%	81.1%	81.5%	
Not enough	Men Women (n=506) (n=495)	18 to 34 (n=253)	35 to 54 (n=374)	55 plus (n=377)		
Vot e	79.8%	87.5%	77.6%	86.3%	85.8%	
	Usually votes PC (n=334) Usually votes Liberal (n=251)		Usually votes NDP (n=119)			
	82.3%	84.1%	96.2%			

# PATH FURWARD!

### JALIDATE

TEST IDEAS

Nanos conducted a representative non-probability online survey of 1,017 Ontarians, 18 years of age or older, between May 27<sup>th</sup> and June 1<sup>st</sup>, 2025. The sample is geographically stratified to be representative of Canada.

A margin of error cannot be calculated on a nonprobability sample. For comparison purposes, a probability sample of 1,017 respondents would have a margin of error of  $\pm 3.1$  percentage points, 19 times out of 20.

The research was commissioned by OCHU-CUPE and was conducted by Nanos Research.

Full data tables with weighted and unweighted number of interviews are here: <u>by region age and</u> <u>gender</u>; <u>by vote</u>.

Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Element	Description	Element	Description		
Research sponsor	OCHU-CUPE	Weighting of Data	The results were weighted by age and gender using the latest Census		
Population and Final Sample Size			information (2021) and the sample is geographically stratified to ensure a distribution across all regions of Ontario. See tables for full weighting disclosure.		
Source of Sample	SAGO	Screening	Screening ensured potential respondents did not work in the market research industry, in the advertising industry, in the media or a political party prior to		
Type of Sample	Representative non-probability	C C	administering the survey to ensure the integrity of the data.		
Margin of Error (for a comparative probability sample)	For comparison purposes, a probability sample of 1,017 respondents would have a margin of error of $\pm 3.1$ percentage points, 19 times out of 20.	Excluded Demographics	Individuals younger than 18 years old; individuals without internet access could not participate.		
Mode of Survey	Online survey	Stratification	By age and gender using the latest Census information (2021) and the sample is geographically stratified to be representative of Ontario.		
Sampling Method Base	Non-probability	Estimated Response Rate	Not applicable		
		Question Order	Question order in the preceding report reflects the order in which they appeared in the original questionnaire.		
Demographics (Captured)	Ontario; Men and Women; 18 years or older. Six digit postal code was used to validate geography.	Question Content	All questions asked are contained in the report.		
Demographics (Other)	Age, gender, income	Question Wording	The questions in the preceding report are written exactly as they were asked to individuals.		
Field Dates	May 27 <sup>th</sup> to June 1 <sup>st</sup> , 2025.	Research/Data Collection Supplier	Nanos Research		
Language of Survey	The survey was conducted in English.	Contact	Contact Nanos Research for more information or with any concerns or questions. <u>http://www.nanos.co</u> Telephone:(613) 234-4666 ext. 237 Email: info@nanosresearch.com.		
Standards	Nanos Research is a member of the Canadian Research Insights Council (CRIC) and confirms that this research fully complies with all CRIC Standards including the CRIC Public Opinion Research Standards and Disclosure Requirements. https://canadianresearchinsightscouncil.ca/standards/	Data Tables	By region, age and gender By vote		



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# Any questions?



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