



Key Findings

1

RIGHT TRACK

Close to six in ten Canadians say Canada is heading in the right direction (58%), the highest since 2015 (63%), and 17 percentage points higher than 2019 (41%). 2

FEDERAL PERFORMANCE

Canadians are more likely to describe the current government's performance as very good (17%) or somewhat good (30%), an increase from 2019 (six per cent very good; 21% somewhat good).

3

FED-PROV RELATIONS

While Canadians are split on whether they feel relations between the federal government and provincial governments has improved over the past year, they are are five times more likely to say relations between the federal government and provincial governments has improved over the past year (10%) compared to 2019 (2%).



INTERNATIONAL REPUTATION

Views on Canada's international reputation improving over the past year are mixed, but positive views (12% improved; 24% somewhat improved) have increased since 2019 (seven per cent improved; 15% somewhat improved.

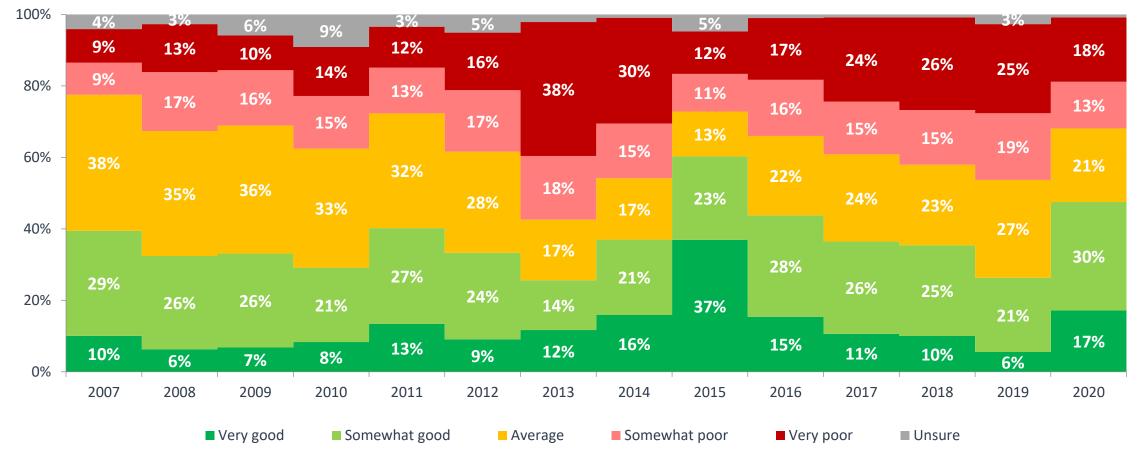


Performance of the federal government



Would you describe the performance of the current Federal Liberal Government led by Prime Minister Justin Trudeau as very good, somewhat good, average, somewhat poor or very poor?

Would you describe the performance of the current Federal Liberal Government led by Prime Minister Stephen Harper as very good, somewhat good, average, somewhat poor or very poor? (2007-2014 waves)



^{*}Weighted to the true population proportion.

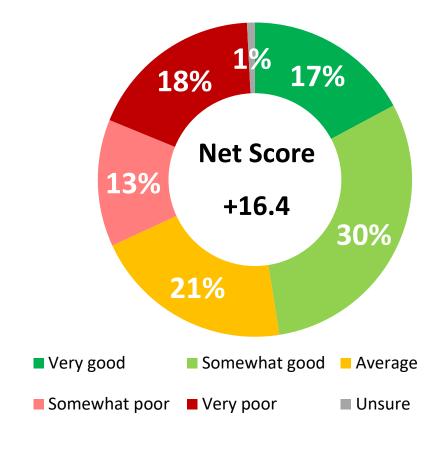


^{*}Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Performance of the federal government



Would you describe the performance of the current Federal Liberal Government led by Prime Minister Justin Trudeau as very good, somewhat good, average, somewhat poor or very poor?





2020 sees an increase in positive views of the current Federal Liberal Government, with the proportion of those saying the current government's performance is very good up 10 percentage points from 2019 (a five year low).

Residents of Atlantic Canada are more likely to say the government's performance is very good (30%) than residents of other regions and provinces, most notably residents of the Prairies (13%) and Quebec (12%).





^{*}Weighted to the true population proportion.

^{*}Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Performance of the federal government



Would you describe the performance of the current Federal Liberal Government led by Prime Minister Justin Trudeau as very good, somewhat good, average, somewhat poor or very poor?

	Atlantic (n=107)	Quebec (n=235)	Ontario (n=322)	Prairies (n=216)	BC (n=168)	Men (n=554)	Women (n=494)	18 to 34 (n=226)	35 to 54 (n=401)	55 plus (n=421)
Very Good	29.6%	12.0%	19.5%	12.5%	19.7%	16.9%	17.4%	13.0%	18.5%	19.0%
Somewhat good	32.4%	34.8%	29.0%	25.9%	31.5%	26.9%	33.6%	30.3%	30.3%	30.3%
Average	17.5%	27.8%	19.7%	17.3%	16.8%	19.5%	21.6%	25.1%	17.8%	19.9%
Somewhat poor	8.1%	14.5%	13.8%	11.1%	13.8%	14.0%	12.2%	13.8%	12.4%	13.2%
Very poor	12.4%	9.4%	17.6%	32.2%	17.6%	22.1%	14.1%	17.2%	20.1%	16.7%
Unsure	-	1.6%	0.4%	1.1%	0.7%	0.5%	1.1%	0.6%	0.8%	0.9%

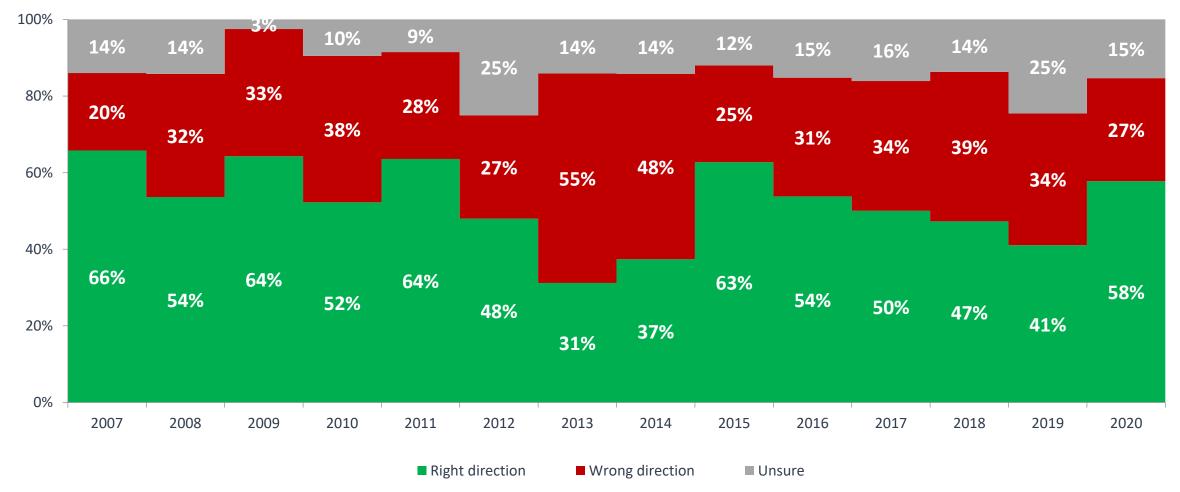


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Direction of the country

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Would you say that Canada as a country is moving in the right direction or the wrong direction?



^{*}Weighted to the true population proportion.

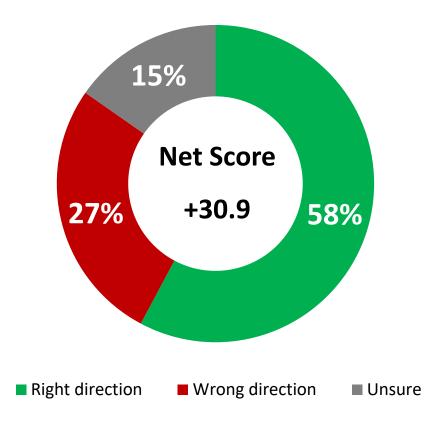


^{*}Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Direction of the country



Would you say that Canada as a country is moving in the right direction or the wrong direction?





Canadians are over 2 times more likely to say Canada is moving in the right direction versus the wrong direction, the largest proportion since the high of 63 per cent in 2015.

Atlantic Canada residents (68%) and Quebec residents (66%) are more likely to say Canada is heading in the right direction than residents of Ontario (57%) and the Prairies (44%).





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Direction of the country

Would you say that Canada as a country is moving in the right direction or the wrong direction?

	Atlantic (n=107)	Quebec (n=235)	Ontario (n=322)	Prairies (n=216)	BC (n=168)	Men (n=554)	Women (n=494)	18 to 34 (n=226)	35 to 54 (n=401)	55 plus (n=421)
Right direction	68.4%	65.5%	57.4%	44.1%	58.7%	54.7%	60.8%	57.1%	56.9%	59.0%
Wrong direction	17.6%	16.0%	29.5%	39.1%	26.4%	32.6%	21.4%	27.6%	29.3%	24.2%
Unsure	13.9%	18.4%	13.1%	16.8%	14.9%	12.7%	17.9%	15.3%	13.7%	16.8%

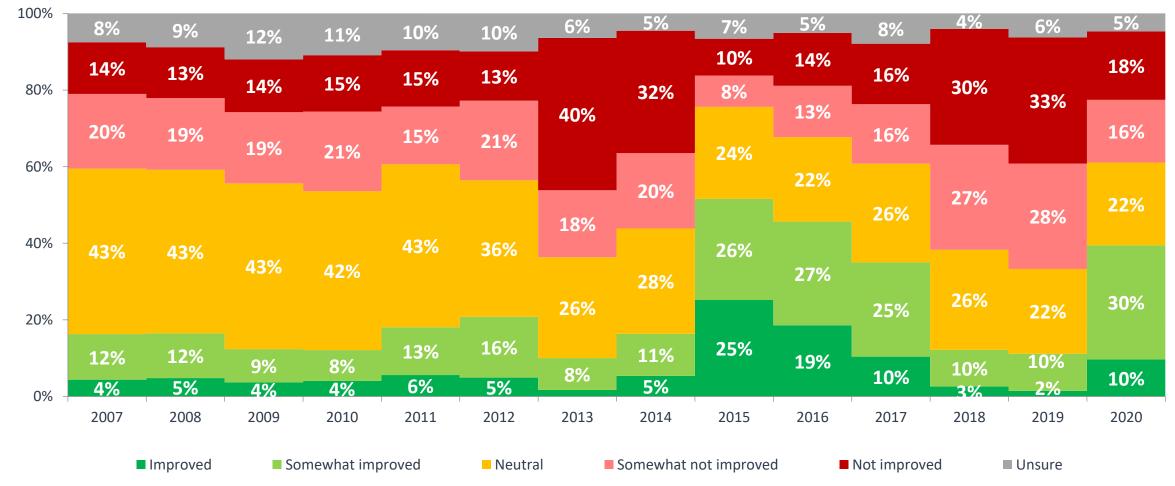


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Change in federal-provincial relations



On a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 is not improved and 5 is improved, how would you rate the relationship between the federal government and the provincial governments over the past year?



^{*}Weighted to the true population proportion.

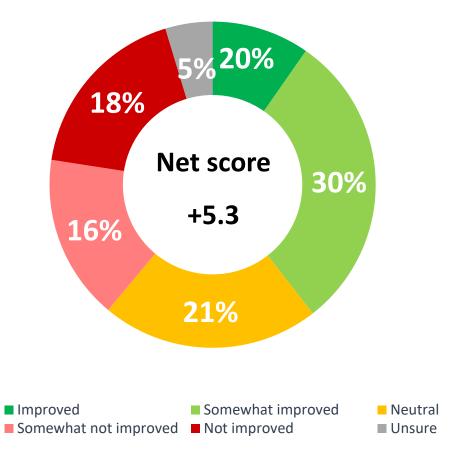


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Change in federal-provincial relations



On a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 is not improved and 5 is improved, how would you rate the relationship between the federal government and the provincial governments over the past year?





Canadians are five times more likely to say relations between the federal government and provincial governments has improved over the past year compared to 2019.

The proportion of those who say federalprovincial relations have improved or somewhat improved is at the third highest level in 14 years.





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Change in federal-provincial relations



On a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 is not improved and 5 is improved, how would you rate the relationship between the federal government and the provincial governments over the past year?

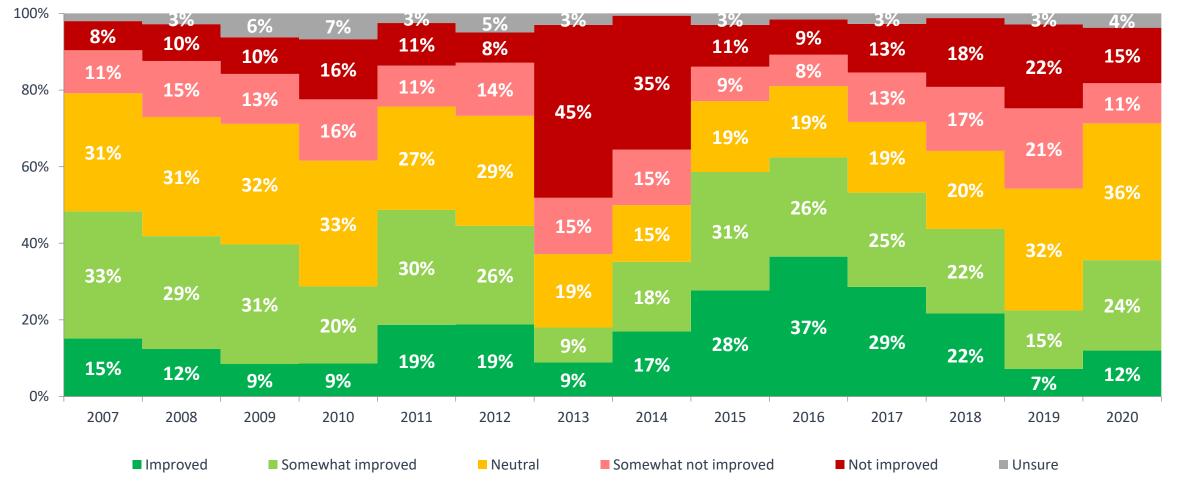
	Atlantic (n=107)	Quebec (n=235)	Ontario (n=322)	Prairies (n=216)	BC (n=168)	Men (n=554)	Women (n=494)	18 to 34 (n=226)	35 to 54 (n=401)	55 plus (n=421)
Improved	18.5%	9.1%	12.5%	3.2%	7.4%	9.3%	10.2%	5.0%	12.1%	11.0%
Somewhat improved	35.5%	20.2%	38.1%	16.1%	38.3%	29.8%	29.8%	28.8%	26.9%	33.0%
Neutral	18.6%	25.4%	21.8%	15.0%	24.9%	20.5%	22.6%	24.7%	21.6%	19.4%
Somewhat not improved	10.7%	24.0%	9.9%	24.8%	13.0%	16.9%	15.9%	19.0%	17.2%	13.8%
Not improved	10.4%	16.8%	12.6%	38.2%	10.9%	20.4%	15.5%	15.0%	16.9%	20.8%
Unsure	6.3%	4.6%	5.1%	2.6%	5.6%	3.1%	6.2%	7.6%	5.4%	2.0%

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Change in the international reputation of Canada



On a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 is not improved and 5 is improved, how would you rate Canada's reputation around the world over the past year?



^{*}Weighted to the true population proportion.



^{*}Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Change in the international reputation of Canada

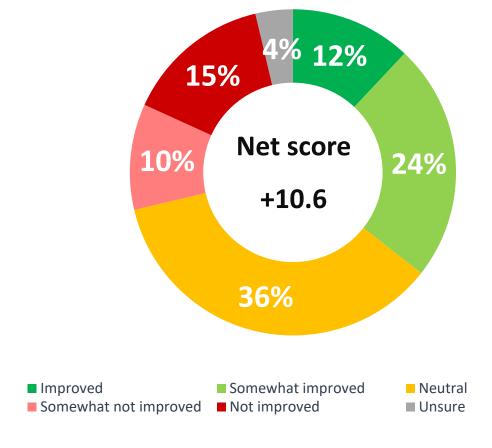


On a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 is not improved and 5 is improved, how would you rate Canada's reputation around the world over the past year?



Positive views on Canada's international reputation have increased since 2019, but are still lower than the 2015-2017 waves of research.

Atlantic Canada residents are more likely to say Canada's reputation has improved (30%) than any other province or region (ranging from 10-11% who say this has improved).



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Change in the international reputation of Canada



On a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 is not improved and 5 is improved, how would you rate Canada's reputation around the world over the past year?

	Atlantic (n=107)	Quebec (n=235)	Ontario (n=322)	Prairies (n=216)	BC (n=168)	Men (n=554)	Women (n=494)	18 to 34 (n=226)	35 to 54 (n=401)	55 plus (n=421)
Improved	30.1%	10.4%	11.2%	9.6%	11.1%	12.1%	11.9%	9.5%	13.2%	12.7%
Somewhat improved	22.7%	23.4%	21.3%	23.3%	31.5%	20.3%	26.8%	25.0%	22.4%	23.7%
Neutral	28.8%	41.8%	39.2%	29.7%	26.3%	34.7%	36.6%	41.0%	33.4%	33.9%
Somewhat not improved	6.3%	11.3%	9.7%	10.3%	14.2%	12.4%	8.8%	11.6%	9.7%	10.5%
Not improved	5.0%	9.5%	14.7%	24.5%	13.5%	17.0%	12.1%	9.9%	17.5%	15.0%
Unsure	7.1%	3.6%	3.8%	2.6%	3.5%	3.5%	4.0%	3.0%	3.8%	4.2%

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Nanos conducted an RDD dual frame (land- and celllines) hybrid telephone and online random survey of 1,048 Canadians, 18 years of age or older, between December 27th to 30th, 2020 as part of an omnibus survey. Participants were randomly recruited by telephone using live agents and administered a survey online. The results were statistically checked and weighted by age and gender using the latest Census information and the sample is geographically stratified to be representative of Canada.

Individuals were randomly called using random digit dialling with a maximum of five call backs.

The margin of error for a random survey of 1,048 Canadians is ± 3.0 percentage points, 19 times out of 20.

The research was conducted by Nanos Research.

Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

Nanos conducted an RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) hybrid telephone and online random survey of 1,010 Canadians, 18 years of age or older, between December 22nd and 29th, 2019 as part of an omnibus survey. Participants were randomly recruited by telephone using live agents and administered a survey online. The results were statistically checked and weighted by age and gender using the latest Census information and the sample is geographically stratified to be representative of Canada.

Nanos conducted an RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) hybrid telephone and online random survey of 1,000 Canadians, 18 years of age or older, between November 30^{th} and December 5^{th} , 2018 as part of an omnibus survey. The margin of error for a random survey of 1,000 Canadians is ± 3.1 percentage points, 19 times out of 20. This study is a joint initiative between Nanos Research and the Institute for Research on Public Policy.

Nanos conducted an RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) hybrid telephone and online random survey of 1,000 Canadians between December 27^{th} and 29^{th} , 2017 as part of an omnibus survey. The margin of error for a random survey of 1,000 Canadians is ± 3.1 percentage points, 19 times out of 20. This study is a joint initiative between Nanos and the Institute for Research on Public Policy.

Nanos conducted an RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) hybrid telephone and online random survey of 1,000 Canadians between December 16^{th} and 19^{th} , 2016 as part of an omnibus survey. The margin of error for a random survey of 1,000 Canadians is ± 3.1 percentage points, 19 times out of 20.The research was conducted for the Institute for Research on Public Policy.

Nanos conducted an RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) hybrid telephone and online random survey of 1,000 Canadians between December 18^{th} and 21^{st} , 2015 as part of an omnibus survey. The margin of error for a random survey of 1,000 Canadians is ± 3.1 percentage points, 19 times out of 20. The research was conducted for the Institute for Research on Public Policy.

Nanos conducted an RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) hybrid telephone and online random survey of 1,000 Canadians between November 15^{th} and 18^{th} , 2014 as part of an omnibus survey. The margin of error for a random survey of 1,000 Canadians is ± 3.1 percentage points, 19 times out of 20. The research was conducted for the Institute for Research on Public Policy .

National Nanos RDD Crowdsource random survey of 1,000 Canadians conducted between December 14^{th} and 16^{th} , 2013 as part of an omnibus survey. The margin of error for a random survey of 1,000 Canadians is ± 3.1 percentage points, 19 times out of 20.

Element	Description	Element	Description				
Research sponsor	Nanos Research	Weighting of Data	The results were weighted by age and gender using the latest Census information (2016) and the sample is geographically stratified to ensure a				
Population and Final Sample Size	1048 Randomly selected individuals.	Weighting of Data	distribution across all regions of Canada. See tables for full weighting disclosure				
Source of Sample	Nanos Probability Panel	Screening	Screening ensured potential respondents did not work in the market research industry, in the advertising industry, in the media or a political				
Type of Sample	Probability	5	party prior to administering the survey to ensure the integrity of the data.				
Margin of Error	±3.0 percentage points, 19 times out of 20.	Excluded	Individuals younger than 18 years old; individuals without land or cell lines,				
Mode of Survey	RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) hybrid telephone and online omnibus survey	Demographics	and individuals without internet access could not participate.				
Sampling Method Base	The sample included both land- and cell-lines RDD (Random Digit Dialed) across Canada.	Stratification	By age and gender using the latest Census information (2016) and the sample is geographically stratified to be representative of Canada. Smaller areas such as Atlantic Canada were marginally oversampled to allow for a minimum regional sample.				
Demographics (Captured)	Atlantic Canada, Quebec, Ontario, Prairies, British Columbia; Men and Women; 18 years and older. Six digit postal code was used to validate geography.	Estimated Response Rate	Fourteen percent, consistent with industry norms.				
Fieldwork/Validation	Individuals were recruited using live interviews with live supervision to validate work, the research questions were administered online	Question Order	Question order in the preceding report reflects the order in which they appeared in the original questionnaire.				
Number of Calls	Maximum of five call backs to those recruited.	Overtion Content	Topics on the omnibus ahead of the survey content included: views on political issues, views on economic issues, views on real estate, views on				
Time of Calls	Individuals recruited were called between 12-5:30 pm and 6:30-9:30pm local time for the respondent.	Question Content	COVID-19 vaccines, trade with China, the US border closure, personal finances, and feelings toward the federal government.				
Field Dates	December 27 th to 30 th , 2020.	Question Wording	The questions in the preceding report are written exactly as they were asked to individuals.				
Language of Survey	The survey was conducted in both English and French.	Research/Data	Nanos Research				
Standards	Nanos Research is a member of the Canadian Research Insights Council (CRIC) and confirms that this research fully complies with all CRIC Standards including the CRIC Public Opinion Research Standards and Disclosure Requirements. https://canadianresearchinsightscouncil.ca/standards/	Collection Supplier Contact	Contact Nanos Research for more information or with any concerns or questions. http://www.nanos.co Telephone:(613) 234-4666 ext. 237 Email: info@nanosresearch.com.				



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2021-1783 - Nanos Research - Mood of Canada - STAT SHEET

					Re	gion			Gender			Age	
			Canada 2020-12	Atlantic	Quebec	Ontario	Prairies	British Columbia	Male	Female	18 to 34	35 to 54	55 plus
Question - Would you describe the performance of the current Federal Liberal Government led by Prime Minister Justin Trudeau as very good, somewhat good,	Total	Unwgt N	1048	107	235	322	216	168	554	494	226	401	421
average, somewhat poor or very poor?		Wgt N	1000	67	233	384	183	133	490	510	273	341	386
	Very good	%	17.2	29.6	12.0	19.5	12.5	19.7	16.9	17.4	13.0	18.5	19.0
	Somewhat good	%	30.3	32.4	34.8	29.0	25.9	31.5	26.9	33.6	30.3	30.3	30.3
	Average	%	20.6	17.5	27.8	19.7	17.3	16.8	19.5	21.6	25.1	17.8	19.9
	Somewhat poor	%	13.1	8.1	14.5	13.8	11.1	13.8	14.0	12.2	13.8	12.4	13.2
	Very poor	%	18.0	12.4	9.4	17.6	32.2	17.6	22.1	14.1	17.2	20.1	16.7
	Unsure	%	0.8	0.0	1.6	0.4	1.1	0.7	0.5	1.1	0.6	0.8	0.9

					Re	gion		Ge	ender	Age			
			Canada 2020-12	Atlantic	Quebec	Ontario	Prairies	British Columbia	Male	Female	18 to 34	35 to 54	55 plus
Question - Would you say that Canada as a country is moving in the right direction or the wrong direction?	Total	Unwgt N	1048	107	235	322	216	168	554	494	226	401	421
		Wgt N	1000	67	233	384	183	133	490	510	273	341	386
	Right direction	%	57.8	68.4	65.5	57.4	44.1	58.7	54.7	60.8	57.1	56.9	59.0
	Wrong direction	%	26.9	17.6	16.0	29.5	39.1	26.4	32.6	21.4	27.6	29.3	24.2
	Unsure	%	15.3	13.9	18.4	13.1	16.8	14.9	12.7	17.9	15.3	13.7	16.8



2021-1783 - Nanos Research - Mood of Canada - STAT SHEET

					Re	gion			Ge	ender		Age	
		_	Canada					British			18 to	35 to	55
			2020-12	Atlantic	Quebec	Ontario	Prairies	Columbia	Male	Female	34	54	plus
Question – On a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 is not improved and 5 is improved, how would you rate the relationship between the federal government and	Total	Unwgt N	1048	107	235	322	216	168	554	494	226	401	421
the provincial governments over the past year?		Wgt N	1000	67	233	384	183	133	490	510	273	341	386
		Mean	3.0	3.4	2.8	3.3	2.2	3.2	2.9	3.0	2.9	3.0	3.0
		Median	3.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	2.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
	Not improved	%	17.9	10.4	16.8	12.6	38.2	10.9	20.4	15.5	15.0	16.9	20.8
	Somewhat not improved	%	16.4	10.7	24.0	9.9	24.8	13.0	16.9	15.9	19.0	17.2	13.8
	Neutral	%	21.6	18.6	25.4	21.8	15.0	24.9	20.5	22.6	24.7	21.6	19.4
	Somewhat improved	%	29.8	35.5	20.2	38.1	16.1	38.3	29.8	29.8	28.8	26.9	33.0
	Improved	%	9.7	18.5	9.1	12.5	3.2	7.4	9.3	10.2	5.0	12.1	11.0
	Unsure	%	4.7	6.3	4.6	5.1	2.6	5.6	3.1	6.2	7.6	5.4	2.0

					Re	gion			Ge	ender		Age	
			Canada 2020-12	Atlantic	Quebec	Ontario	Prairies	British Columbia	Male	Female	18 to 34	35 to 54	55 plus
Question - On a scale of 1 to 5, where 1 is not improved and 5 is improved, how would you rate Canada's reputation around the	Total	Unwgt N	1048	107	235	322	216	168	554	494	226	401	421
world over the past year?		Wgt N	1000	67	233	384	183	133	490	510	273	341	386
		Mean	3.1	3.7	3.1	3.0	2.8	3.1	3.0	3.2	3.1	3.0	3.1
		Median	3.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
	Not improved	%	14.5	5.0	9.5	14.7	24.5	13.5	17.0	12.1	9.9	17.5	15.0
	Somewhat not improved	%	10.5	6.3	11.3	9.7	10.3	14.2	12.4	8.8	11.6	9.7	10.5
	Neutral	%	35.7	28.8	41.8	39.2	29.7	26.3	34.7	36.6	41.0	33.4	33.9
	Somewhat improved	%	23.6	22.7	23.4	21.3	23.3	31.5	20.3	26.8	25.0	22.4	23.7
	Improved	%	12.0	30.1	10.4	11.2	9.6	11.1	12.1	11.9	9.5	13.2	12.7
	Unsure	%	3.7	7.1	3.6	3.8	2.6	3.5	3.5	4.0	3.0	3.8	4.2