### Views of Ontarians on potential policy priorities for the Government of Ontario

**Canadian Taxpayers Federation Ontario Survey Summary** 

submitted by Nanos to the Canadian Taxpayers Federation, February 2017 (Submission 2017-986)









# Majority of Ontarians oppose or somewhat oppose cap and trade policy

Asked their opinion on a series of possible priorities, three out of ten Ontarians believe that reducing the cost of electricity and energy should be the top policy priority for the provincial government compared to five per cent who believe reducing greenhouse gas should be the priority. The majority of Ontarians oppose or somewhat oppose the cap and trade policy and believe that the true cost to the average Ontario household will be more than \$13 per month. Ontario residents have mixed views on whether they believe the new cap and trade policy will reduce climate change, on what their ideal political party would propose, and on the likeliness of supporting a political party that was committed to no cap and trade policy and no carbon tax. Most Ontarians would be less likely to support a political party that proposed a direct new carbon tax.

- Three out of ten residents of Ontario believe reducing the cost of electricity and energy should be the top policy priority for the provincial government Asked what the top policy priority should be for the government of Ontario, 30% of Ontarians responded with reducing the cost of electricity and energy. This was followed by improving healthcare (20%), supporting job creation (13%), balancing the Ontario budget (12%), investing in more social programs for those in need (ten per cent), delivering better education (seven per cent) and reducing greenhouse gases (five per cent). Two per cent are unsure.
- More than six out of ten Ontarians oppose or somewhat oppose the new cap and trade policy More than six out of ten Ontarians oppose (51%) or somewhat oppose (ten per cent) the new cap-and-trade policy limiting the amount of tonnes of greenhouse gas businesses and institutions can emit and making them buy permits or allowances through government run auctions or from other companies if they exceed these limits. More than one out of three Ontarians support (21%) or somewhat support (15%) this. Four per cent are unsure.
- Nearly seven out of ten Ontario residents believe that for this new policy, the true cost to the average Ontario household will be more than \$13 per month Sixty-eight per cent of Ontario residents think that for this policy, the true cost to the average Ontario household will be more than \$13 per month, while six per cent believe it will be \$13 per month and nine per cent believe it will be less than \$13 per month. Seventeen per cent are unsure.



- More than four out of ten Ontarians think the Ontario cap and trade policy will not at all reduce climate change Forty-five per cent of Ontarians think that Ontario's cap and trade policy will not at all reduce the climate change, while thirty-nine per cent think it will reduce climate change in a minor way and eight per cent think it will reduce it in a major way. Eight per cent are unsure.
- Ontario residents have mixed views on what greenhouse gas policies their ideal political party would propose When asked to look forward to the 2018 election and what their ideal political party would propose, thirty-one per cent of Ontario residents said continue with this new cap and trade program to encourage the reduction of greenhouse gases. This was followed by do neither (29%) and put a new direct tax on carbon energy like gasoline and home heating fuel (23%). Sixteen per cent are unsure.
- More than four out of ten Ontario residents would be less likely to support a party that proposed a cap and trade program to encourage the reduction of greenhouse gases Forty-five per cent of Ontario residents would be less likely to support a party that proposed a cap and trade program to encourage the reduction of greenhouse gases, while 29% would be more likely and 18% would be as likely to support. Eight per cent are unsure.
- Close to six out of ten Ontarians would be less likely to support a party that proposed a direct new tax on carbon energy Fifty-eight per cent of Ontarians would be less likely to support a party that proposed a direct new tax on carbon energy like gasoline and home heating fuel to encourage the reduction of greenhouse gases, while 18% would be more likely and just as likely to support. Six per cent are unsure.
- Ontarians have mixed opinions on their likelihood of supporting a political party that were committed to no cap and trade or no carbon tax Thirty-nine per cent of Ontario residents would be more likely to support a political party that was committed to no cap and trade and no carbon tax, while 34% would be less likely to support and 16% would be just as likely to support a political party that would propose that. Eleven per cent are unsure.

These observations are based on an RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) telephone random survey of 500 residents of Ontario, 18 years of age or older, between February 3<sup>rd</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup>, 2017 as part of an omnibus survey.

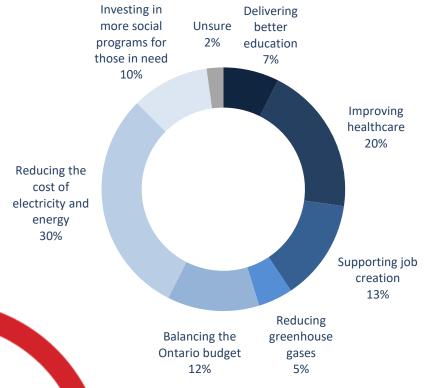
The margin of error for a random survey of 500 residents of Ontario is ±4.4 percentage points, 19 times out of 20.

This study was commissioned by the Canadian Taxpayers Federation.



## Top policy priority for Government of Ontario

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame telephone random survey, February 3<sup>rd</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup>, 2017, n=500, accurate to 4.4 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.

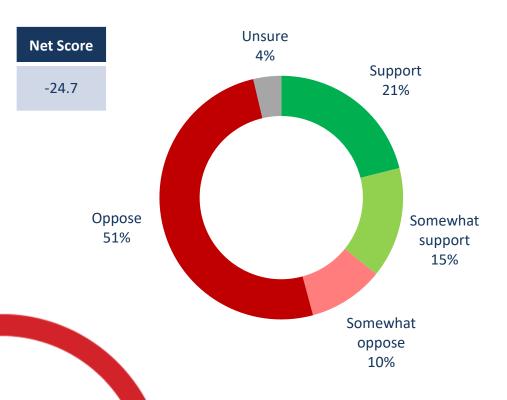


Subgroups	Reducing the cost of electricity and energy			
GTA (n=254)	26.4%			
Rest of Ontario (n=246)	33.6%			
Male (n=259)	32.8%			
Female (n=241)	27.4%			
18 to 29 (n=74)	30.8%			
30 to 39 (n=70)	33.7%			
40 to 49 (n=110)	26.6%			
50 to 59 (n=109)	29.6%			
60 plus (n=137)	30.2%			
Liberal (n=134)	20.9%			
PC (n=203)	37.6%			
NDP (n=91)	32.0%			
Green (n=22)	28.3%			
Other (n=4)	10.7%			
Undecided (n=46)	20.4%			

**QUESTION** – What should be the top policy priority for the Government of Ontario? [RANDOMIZE]

## Support for Ontario cap-and-trade tax policy

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame telephone random survey, February 3<sup>rd</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup>, 2017, n=500, accurate to 4.4 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.



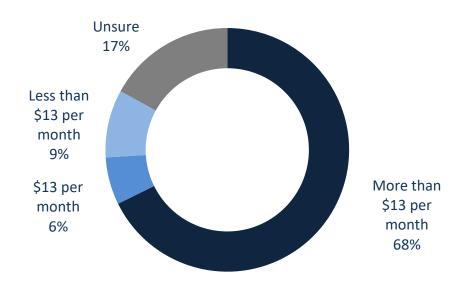
	*Note:	<b>Charts</b>	may	not	add	up	to	100	due	to	rounding	
--	--------	---------------	-----	-----	-----	----	----	-----	-----	----	----------	--

Subgroups	Oppose/ Somewhat oppose				
GTA (n=254)	56.0%				
Rest of Ontario (n=246)	64.8%				
Male (n=259)	62.6%				
Female (n=241)	58.4%				
18 to 29 (n=74)	58.7%				
30 to 39 (n=70)	66.9%				
40 to 49 (n=110)	59.6%				
50 to 59 (n=109)	61.6%				
60 plus (n=137)	57.0%				
Liberal (n=134)	42.4%				
PC (n=203)	71.6%				
NDP (n=91)	64.5%				
Green (n=22)	70.2%				
Other (n=4)	100.0%				
Undecided (n=46)	63.9%				

**QUESTION** – As you may have heard, the Government of Ontario introduced a cap-and-trade tax policy in Ontario on January 1, 2017. This policy limits how many tonnes of greenhouse gas businesses and institutions can emit and if they exceed those limits they have to buy permits or allowances through government run auctions or from other companies. It is estimated that the new policy will cost the average Ontario household about \$13 more per month to fuel a car and heat a home in 2017. **Do you support, somewhat support, somewhat oppose or oppose this policy?** 

# Estimation of policy cost for average Ontario household

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame telephone random survey, February 3rd and 7th, 2017, n=500, accurate to 4.4 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.



Subgroups	More than \$13 per month
GTA (n=254)	67.8%
Rest of Ontario (n=246)	67.7%
Male (n=259)	71.5%
Female (n=241)	64.1%
18 to 29 (n=74)	65.1%
30 to 39 (n=70)	77.7%
40 to 49 (n=110)	69.8%
50 to 59 (n=109)	58.2%
60 plus (n=137)	67.6%
Liberal (n=134)	64.4%
PC (n=203)	72.1%
NDP (n=91)	63.8%
Green (n=22)	52.2%
Other (n=4)	100.0%
Undecided (n=46)	69.0%

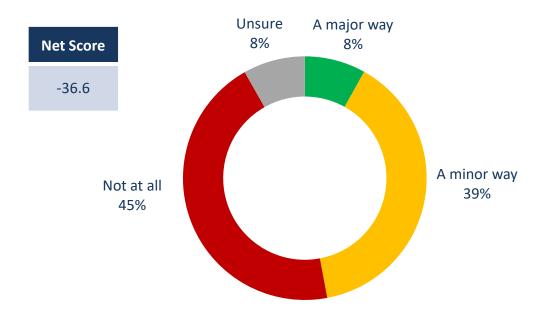
\*Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding

**QUESTION** – For this new policy do you think the true cost to the average Ontario household will be more than \$13 per month, \$13 per month or less than \$13 per month?

6

### Effect of cap-and-trade policy on climate change

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame telephone random survey, February 3<sup>rd</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup>, 2017, n=500, accurate to 4.4 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.



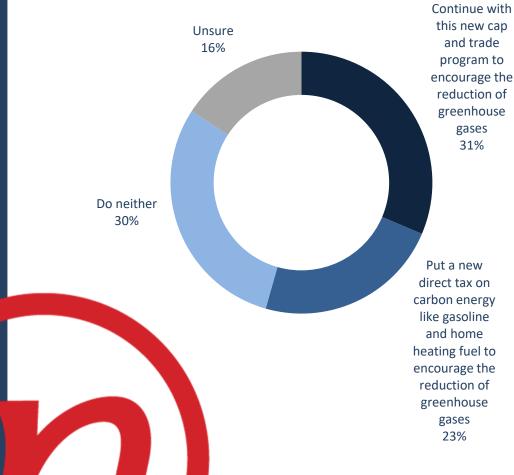
*Note: Ch	arts may no	t add up	to 100	due to	rounding
-----------	-------------	----------	--------	--------	----------

Subgroups	Not at all
GTA (n=254)	42.7%
Rest of Ontario (n=246)	46.8%
Male (n=259)	52.2%
Female (n=241)	37.6%
18 to 29 (n=74)	37.0%
30 to 39 (n=70)	55.3%
40 to 49 (n=110)	40.9%
50 to 59 (n=109)	46.5%
60 plus (n=137)	45.5%
Liberal (n=134)	28.8%
PC (n=203)	58.1%
NDP (n=91)	34.8%
Green (n=22)	20.8%
Other (n=4)	81.1%
Undecided (n=46)	57.8%

**QUESTION** – Do you think Ontario's cap and trade policy will reduce climate change in a major way, in a minor way or not at all?

### Ideal proposal for the reduction of greenhouse gases

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame telephone random survey, February 3<sup>rd</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup>, 2017, n=500, accurate to 4.4 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.



Subgroups	Continue with this new cap and trade program
GTA (n=254)	33.7%
Rest of Ontario (n=246)	29.2%
Male (n=259)	28.0%
Female (n=241)	34.6%
18 to 29 (n=74)	31.5%
30 to 39 (n=70)	35.9%
40 to 49 (n=110)	31.9%
50 to 59 (n=109)	27.4%
60 plus (n=137)	30.5%
Liberal (n=134)	37.2%
PC (n=203)	26.1%
NDP (n=91)	39.6%
Green (n=22)	25.1%
Other (n=4)	0.0%
Undecided (n=46)	28.2%

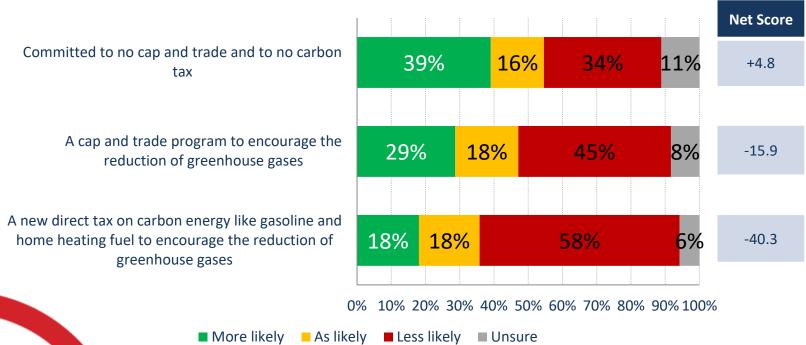
8

\*Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding

**QUESTION** – Looking forward to the 2018 election, would your ideal political party propose [ROTATE]

# Effects of greenhouse gas policies on political party support

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame telephone random survey, February 3<sup>rd</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup>, 2017, n=500, accurate to 4.4 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.



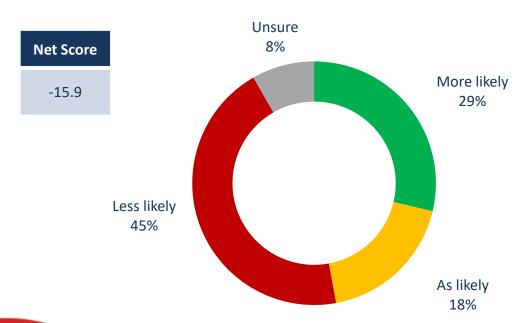


**QUESTION** – Are you more likely to support, less likely to support, or would your support not change if a party proposed [ROTATE]



### Effect on political support: cap and trade programs

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame telephone random survey, February 3<sup>rd</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup>, 2017, n=500, accurate to 4.4 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.



\*Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding

Subgroups	Less likely				
GTA (n=254)	44.0%				
Rest of Ontario (n=246)	45.1%				
Male (n=259)	51.2%				
Female (n=241)	38.1%				
18 to 29 (n=74)	40.2%				
30 to 39 (n=70)	45.1%				
40 to 49 (n=110)	42.1%				
50 to 59 (n=109)	46.1%				
60 plus (n=137)	48.8%				
Liberal (n=134)	30.2%				
PC (n=203)	55.2%				
NDP (n=91)	41.1%				
Green (n=22)	34.2%				
Other (n=4)	77.3%				
Undecided (n=46)	46.8%				

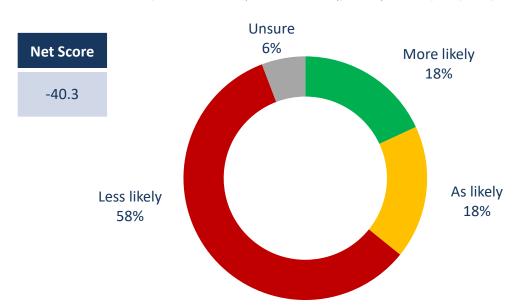
**QUESTION** – Are you more likely to support, less likely to support, or would your support not change if a party proposed [ROTATE]

A cap and trade program to encourage the reduction of greenhouse gases

10

### Effect on political support: direct tax on carbon

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame telephone random survey, February 3<sup>rd</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup>, 2017, n=500, accurate to 4.4 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.



Subgroups	Less likely				
GTA (n=254)	52.9%				
Rest of Ontario (n=246)	63.7%				
Male (n=259)	63.6%				
Female (n=241)	53.4%				
18 to 29 (n=74)	50.0%				
30 to 39 (n=70)	61.0%				
40 to 49 (n=110)	65.0%				
50 to 59 (n=109)	60.4%				
60 plus (n=137)	55.9%				
Liberal (n=134)	52.4%				
PC (n=203)	63.1%				
NDP (n=91)	61.6%				
Green (n=22)	31.4%				
Other (n=4)	52.3%				
Undecided (n=46)	61.5%				

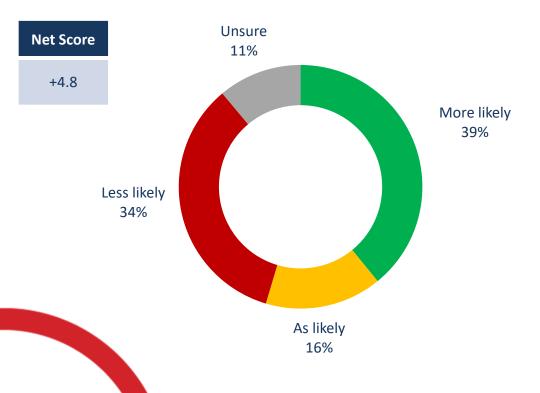
\*Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding

**QUESTION** – Are you more likely to support, less likely to support, or would your support not change if a party proposed [ROTATE]

A new direct tax on carbon energy like gasoline and home heating fuel to encourage the reduction of greenhouse gases

# Effect on political support: no cap and trade or carbon tax

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame telephone random survey, February 3<sup>rd</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup>, 2017, n=500, accurate to 4.4 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.



*Note:	<b>Charts</b>	may	not	add	up	to	100	due	to	rounding
--------	---------------	-----	-----	-----	----	----	-----	-----	----	----------

Subgroups	More likely				
GTA (n=254)	39.4%				
Rest of Ontario (n=246)	38.9%				
Male (n=259)	46.8%				
Female (n=241)	31.7%				
18 to 29 (n=74)	34.2%				
30 to 39 (n=70)	48.0%				
40 to 49 (n=110)	34.0%				
50 to 59 (n=109)	41.6%				
60 plus (n=137)	39.4%				
Liberal (n=134)	29.0%				
PC (n=203)	48.7%				
NDP (n=91)	35.3%				
Green (n=22)	23.4%				
Other (n=4)	100.0%				
Undecided (n=46)	33.5%				

**QUESTION** – Are you more likely to support, less likely to support, or would your support not change if a party proposed [ROTATE]

Committed to no cap and trade and to no carbon tax



Methodology

# Methodology

Nanos conducted an RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) telephone random survey of 500 residents of Ontario, 18 years of age or older, between February 3<sup>rd</sup> and 7<sup>th</sup>, 2017 as part of an omnibus survey. Participants were randomly recruited by telephone using live agents. The results were statistically checked and weighted by age and gender using the latest Census information and the sample is geographically stratified to be representative of Ontario.

Individuals were randomly called using random digit dialling with a maximum of five call backs.

The margin of error for a random survey of 500 residents of Ontario is ±4.4 percentage points, 19 times out of 20.

The research was commissioned by the Canadian Taxpayers Federation.

Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.



### **About Nanos**

Nanos is one of North America's most trusted research and strategy organizations. Our team of professionals is regularly called upon by senior executives to deliver superior intelligence and market advantage whether it be helping to chart a path forward, managing a reputation or brand risk or understanding the trends that drive success. Services range from traditional telephone surveys, through to elite in-depth interviews, online research and focus groups. Nanos clients range from Fortune 500 companies through to leading advocacy groups interested in understanding and shaping the public landscape. Whether it is understanding your brand or reputation, customer needs and satisfaction, engaging employees or testing new ads or products, Nanos provides insight you can trust.





View our brochure

#### Nanos Research

North America Toll-free 1.888.737.5505 info@nanosresearch.com

## **Technical Note**

Element	Description	Element	Description
Organization who commissioned the research	Canadian Taxpayers Federation.	Weighting of Data	The results were weighted by age and gender using the latest Census information (2014) and the sample is geographically stratified to ensure a distribution across all regions of Ontario. See tables for full weighting disclosure
Final Sample Size	500 Randomly selected individuals.	Screening	Screening ensured potential respondents did not work in the market research industry, in the advertising industry, in the
Margin of Error	±4.4 percentage points, 19 times out of 20.		media or a political party prior to administering the survey to ensure the integrity of the data.
Mode of Survey	RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) telephone omnibus survey	Excluded Demographics	Individuals younger than 18 years old; individuals without land or cell lines could not participate.
Sampling Method Base	The sample included both land- and cell-lines RDD (Random Digit Dialed) across Canada.	Stratification	By age and gender using the latest Census information (2014) and the sample is geographically stratified to be representative of Ontario.
5	Ontario; Men and Women; 18 years and older.	Estimated Response Rate	9 percent, consistent with industry norms.
Demographics (Captured)	Six digit postal code was used to validate geography.	Question Order	Question order in the preceding report reflects the order in which they appeared in the original questionnaire.
Fieldwork/Validation	Live interviews with live supervision to validate work as per the MRIA Code of Conduct		This was module seven of an omnibus survey. The previous modules related to top provincial issues of concern, vote
Number of Calls	Maximum of five call backs.	Question Content	consideration, preferred premiers, political leadership qualities, and municipal governments.
Time of Calls	Individuals were called between 12-5:30 pm and 6:30-9:30pm local time for the respondent.	Question Wording	The questions in the preceding report are written exactly as they were asked to individuals.
Field Dates	February 3 <sup>rd</sup> to 7 <sup>th</sup> , 2017.	Survey Company	Nanos Research
Language of Survey	The survey was conducted in both English and French.	Contact	Contact Nanos Research for more information or with any concerns or questions. <a href="http://www.nanosresearch.com">http://www.nanosresearch.com</a> Telephone:(613) 234-4666 ext. Email: info@nanosresearch.com.
			Email. imo@nafiosresearch.com.



# **Tabulations**



		-	-	Region	-	Ger	ıder	-		Age		-	-		Vote	Profile		
			Ontario	CTA	Rest of	<b>N</b> 4 = 1 =	Famala	10 +- 20	20 +- 20	40 +- 40	50 +- 50	CO valora	Liboral	DC.	NDD	C	Oth	11
		-	2017-01	GTA	Ontario	Male	Female	18 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	-	60 plus	Liberal	PC	NDP	Green	Other	Undecided
Question - What should	Total	Unwgt N	500	254	246	259	241	74	70	110	109	137	134	203	91	22	4	46
be the top policy		Wgt N	500	246	254	245	255	99	89	107	87	118	138	213	84	20	4	41
priority for the	Reducing the cost of	%	30.0	26.4	33.6	32.8	27.4	30.8	33.7	26.6	29.6	30.2	20.9	37.6	32.0	28.3	10.7	20.4
Government of	electricity and energy																	
Ontario? [RANDOMIZE]	Improving healthcare	%	19.8	20.2	19.4	18.9	20.7	19.7	12.1	23.0	23.4	20.3	27.7	15.6	16.5	14.7	.0	26.5
	Supporting job creation	%	13.4	16.6	10.2	14.0	12.7	14.2	13.8	9.5	14.2	15.4	17.7	11.7	11.0	7.8	.0	16.7
	Balancing the Ontario	%	12.2	11.6	12.7	16.1	8.5	9.8	11.5	16.8	13.2	9.8	5.6	18.3	11.0	.0	70.4	5.7
	budget																	
	Investing in more social	%	10.3	11.4	9.3	5.3	15.1	7.6	19.9	7.5	7.4	10.2	13.1	5.2	16.2	19.3	18.9	10.4
	programs for those in																	
	need																	
	Delivering better	%	7.4	7.4	7.4	6.8	7.9	13.9	5.6	7.3	6.0	4.4	6.2	6.1	9.0	19.7	.0	9.0
	education																	
	Reducing greenhouse	%	4.6	5.4	3.9	4.4	4.9	2.5	.7	6.0	5.7	7.3	7.4	3.5	.9	8.8	.0	7.4
	gases																	
	Unsure	%	2.2	.9	3.4	1.6	2.8	1.5	2.7	3.3	.6	2.5	1.3	2.1	3.4	1.3	.0	3.9



				Region		Ger	nder			Age					Vote I	Profile		
			Ontario 2017-		Rest of													
			01	GTA	Ontario	Male	Female	18 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 plus	Liberal	PC	NDP	Green	Other	Undecided
Question - As you may		-		=	-		=	_		_	_	-	-	=	_			
have heard, the	Total	Unwgt	500	254	246	259	241	74	70	110	109	137	134	203	91	22	4	46
Government of Ontario		N																
introduced a cap-and-		14																
trade tax policy in Ontario on January 1,		Wgt N	500	246	254	245	255	99	89	107	87	118	138	213	84	20	4	41
2017. This policy limits		WELIN	300	240	254	243	233	33	09	107	0/	110	130	213	04	20	4	41
how many tonnes of	Support	%	21.1	23.1	19.2	19.6	22.7	24.4	18.0	22.8	16.2	23.0	35.7	13.2	15.5	38.5	.0	18.2
greenhouse gas	Support	70	21.1	23.1	19.2	19.6	22.7	24.4	18.0	22.8	10.2	23.0	35.7	13.2	15.5	38.3	.0	10.2
ousinesses and	Somewhat support	%	14.7	17.3	12.1	16.6	12.8	12.1	12.6	16.0	19.2	13.8	19.7	12.0	16.1	9.3	.0	12.5
institutions can emit and	Somewhat support	70	14.7	17.3	12.1	10.0	12.8	12.1	12.0	16.0	19.2	13.8	19.7	12.0	10.1	9.3	.0	12.5
f they exceed those	C	0/	10.0	8.8	11.1	6.9	12.9	15.9	11.1	10.0	9.5	4.5	8.5	8.0	15.6	14.1	.0	12.4
limits they have to buy	Somewhat oppose	%	10.0	0.0	11.1	0.9	12.9	15.9	11.1	10.0	9.5	4.5	8.5	8.0	15.0	14.1	.0	12.4
permits or allowances	•	0/	50.5	47.0	F2.7		45.5	42.0		40.6	52.4	F2 F	22.0	62.6	40.0	24.2	400.0	-4-
through government run	Oppose	%	50.5	47.2	53.7	55.7	45.5	42.8	55.8	49.6	52.1	52.5	33.9	63.6	48.9	21.3	100.0	51.5
auctions or from other companies. It is		0/	2.7	2.6	2.0	4.2			2.5	4.0	2.0		2.2	2.4	4.0	467		
estimated that the new	Unsure	%	3.7	3.6	3.8	1.2	6.1	4.7	2.5	1.6	3.0	6.3	2.2	3.1	4.0	16.7	.0	5.3
policy will cost the																		
average Ontario																		
nousehold about \$13																		
nore per month to fuel																		
a car and heat a home in																		
2017. Do you support,																		
somewhat support,																		
somewhat oppose or																		
oppose this policy?																		



		-		Region	-	Gen	der	_		Age		-			Vote	Profile		
			Ontario		Rest of													
		_	2017-01	GTA	Ontario	Male	Female	18 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 plus	Liberal	PC	NDP	Green	Other	Undecided
Question - For this new	Total	Unwgt N	500	254	246	259	241	74	70	110	109	137	134	203	91	22	4	46
policy do you think the		Wgt N	500	246	254	245	255	99	89	107	87	118	138	213	84	20	4	41
true cost to the average	More than \$13 per	%	67.7	67.8	67.7	71.5	64.1	65.1	77.7	69.8	58.2	67.6	64.4	72.1	63.8	52.2	100.0	69.0
Ontario household will	month																	
be more than \$13 per month, \$13 per month	\$13 per month	%	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.7	5.9	7.1	5.1	6.4	9.8	4.0	8.7	5.2	3.1	7.5	.0	10.6
or less than \$13 per	Less than \$13 per	%	9.0	10.4	7.6	9.3	8.6	7.4	6.9	13.1	6.8	9.7	9.3	6.4	18.0	.0	.0	8.2
month?	month																	
	Unsure	%	17.0	15.4	18.5	12.4	21.3	20.4	10.2	10.7	25.2	18.7	17.6	16.3	15.2	40.3	.0	12.2



				Region		Gen	ıder			Age		-	-		Vote	Profile		
			Ontario 2017-		Rest of													
	_	-	01	GTA	Ontario	Male	Female	18 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 plus	Liberal	PC	NDP	Green	Other	Undecided
Question - Do you think	Total	Unwgt N	500	254	246	259	241	74	70	110	109	137	134	203	91	22	4	46
Ontario's cap and trade		Wgt N	500	246	254	245	255	99	89	107	87	118	138	213	84	20	4	41
policy will reduce climate	A major way	%	8.1	8.5	7.7	6.2	9.9	8.2	7.0	9.7	10.1	6.0	9.0	6.3	9.3	12.6	.0	10.7
change in a major way, in	A minor way	%	38.9	41.4	36.5	36.0	41.7	39.6	29.5	44.9	38.1	40.8	54.2	28.3	48.9	42.0	18.9	22.5
a minor way or not at all?	Not at all	%	44.7	42.7	46.8	52.2	37.6	37.0	55.3	40.9	46.5	45.5	28.8	58.1	34.8	20.8	81.1	57.8
	Unsure	%	8.2	7.4	9.0	5.5	10.8	15.2	8.2	4.6	5.3	7.8	8.0	7.3	7.0	24.6	.0	9.0



		-		Region		Ger	nder			Age					Vote	Profile		
			Ontario		Rest of												0.1	
	=		2017-01	GTA _	Ontario	Male	Female	18 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 plus	Liberal	PC _	NDP	Green	Other	Undecided
Question - Looking	Total	Unwgt N	500	254	246	259	241	74	70	110	109	137	134	203	91	22	4	46
forward to the 2018		Wgt N	500	246	254	245	255	99	89	107	87	118	138	213	84	20	4	41
election, would your ideal political party propose [ROTATE]	Continue with this new cap and trade program to encourage the reduction of greenhouse gases	%	31.4	33.7	29.2	28.0	34.6	31.5	35.9	31.9	27.4	30.5	37.2	26.1	39.6	25.1	.0	28.2
	Do neither	%	29.8	29.2	30.4	34.3	25.5	27.5	28.7	33.6	30.8	28.5	24.8	38.2	21.6	22.0	10.7	26.0
	Put a new direct tax on carbon energy like gasoline and home heating fuel	%	23.0	25.8	20.3	23.4	22.5	23.2	26.5	21.8	22.6	21.4	22.0	23.6	18.1	34.8	66.6	22.9
	Unsure	%	15.8	11.4	20.1	14.2	17.3	17.8	9.0	12.7	19.2	19.6	16.0	12.1	20.6	18.0	22.7	22.9



#### Are you more likely to support, less likely to support, or would your support not change if a party proposed [ROTATE]

				Region		Gen	der			Age					Vote	Profile		
			Ontario 2017-		Rest of													
			01	GTA	Ontario	Male	Female	18 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 plus	Liberal	PC	NDP	Green	Other	Undecided
Question - A cap and	Total	Unwgt N	500	254	246	259	241	74	70	110	109	137	134	203	91	22	4	46
trade program to		Wgt N	500	246	254	245	255	99	89	107	87	118	138	213	84	20	4	41
encourage the reduction	More likely	%	28.7	30.6	26.9	27.9	29.6	24.6	25.2	36.8	24.5	30.7	37.3	18.9	38.3	34.4	22.7	29.2
of greenhouse gases	Less likely	%	44.6	44.0	45.1	51.2	38.1	40.2	45.1	42.1	46.1	48.8	30.2	55.2	41.1	34.2	77.3	46.8
	As likely	%	18.4	19.1	17.7	13.7	22.9	25.0	24.5	14.0	16.8	13.4	25.5	15.2	18.4	14.8	.0	14.2
	Unsure	%	8.3	6.3	10.3	7.2	9.3	10.1	5.2	7.1	12.6	7.1	7.0	10.7	2.2	16.6	.0	9.7



#### Are you more likely to support, less likely to support, or would your support not change if a party proposed [ROTATE]

				Region		Gen	ıder			Age		,			Vote	Profile		
			Ontario 2017-		Rest of													
			01	GTA	Ontario	Male	Female	18 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 plus	Liberal	PC	NDP	Green	Other	Undecided
Question - A direct new	Total	Unwgt N	500	254	246	259	241	74	70	110	109	137	134	203	91	22	4	46
tax on carbon energy like		Wgt N	500	246	254	245	255	99	89	107	87	118	138	213	84	20	4	41
gasoline and home	More likely	%	18.1	18.2	18.0	21.9	14.4	17.0	13.6	19.4	16.8	22.1	15.9	16.7	20.3	25.6	47.7	22.0
heating fuel to encourage	Less likely	%	58.4	52.9	63.7	63.6	53.4	50.0	61.0	65.0	60.4	55.9	52.4	63.1	61.6	31.4	52.3	61.5
the reduction of	,																	
greenhouse gases	As likely	%	17.7	20.8	14.8	8.4	26.7	28.9	21.9	12.2	12.6	14.1	25.7	15.2	12.9	35.7	.0	6.2
	Unsure	%	5.8	8.1	3.6	6.1	5.5	4.0	3.5	3.4	10.2	7.9	6.0	5.0	5.1	7.4	.0	10.3



#### Are you more likely to support, less likely to support, or would your support not change if a party proposed [ROTATE]

				Region	-	Gen	ıder			Age		-			Vot	e Profile		
			Ontario 2017-		Rest of													
-			01	GTA	Ontario	Male	Female	18 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 plus	Liberal	PC	NDP	Green	Other	Undecided
Question - Committed to	Total	Unwgt N	500	254	246	259	241	74	70	110	109	137	134	203	91	22	4	46
no cap and trade and to		Wgt N	500	246	254	245	255	99	89	107	87	118	138	213	84	20	4	41
no carbon tax	More	%	39.1	39.4	38.9	46.8	31.7	34.2	48.0	34.0	41.6	39.4	29.0	48.7	35.3	23.4	100.0	33.5
	likely																	
	Less likely	%	34.3	34.5	34.2	31.3	37.2	30.3	35.4	33.5	31.7	39.6	43.0	25.7	38.9	45.4	.0	38.1
	As likely	%	15.5	15.2	15.8	14.6	16.3	20.3	14.3	19.2	13.5	10.5	16.6	16.8	13.7	9.8	.0	12.5
	Unsure	%	11.1	11.0	11.1	7.2	14.7	15.3	2.2	13.3	13.3	10.5	11.4	8.8	12.0	21.4	.0	15.9