Impressions of Canadians on policy challenges related to security issues

Policy Map Summary – Nanos Released October, 2016

August 2016 (Submission 2016-889)





Importance of fighting terrorism up and confidence down

Nanos tracking on security issues in general shows little change in the importance of ensuring safe communities, protecting our borders and asserting Canada's role in international affairs. The importance of fighting terrorism is somewhat higher than in 2015. Confidence in our ability as a nation to find solutions to protect our borders and fight terrorism is marginally down.

- **Confidence lowest for solutions to the threat of terrorism** Canadians rated fighting terrorism a mean score of 7.1 on a ten point scale in terms of importance, compared to 6.4 in 2015. Half of Canadians are confident (11%) or somewhat confident (39%) in Canada's ability to find solutions to terrorism. This is slightly down from 17 per cent confident and 41 per cent somewhat confident in 2015.
- Asserting Canada's role in international affairs lowest in importance Rating the level of Canada's role in international affairs, Canadians gave a mean score of 6.8 out of 10, compared to 6.7 in 2015. This measure registered as the lowest in terms of importance. Confidence in finding solutions remains largely the same, with more than three in five Canadians saying they are either confident (14%) or somewhat confident (47%) in finding solutions to this security issue compared to 13 per cent confident, 41 per cent somewhat confident in 2015.
- Ensuring safe communities is the most important security issue When rating the importance of various security issues using a ten point scale, ensuring safe communities was deemed the most important by Canadians (mean score of 8.0), similarly to the previous wave results. More than three out of five Canadians say they are either confident (15%) or somewhat confident (50%) in finding solutions to ensure safer communities. No significant changes were registered compared to 2015.

Confidence in protecting borders lower in 2016 – Canadians rated the importance of protecting our borders as 7.2 out of 10 in 2016 compared to 7.1 in 2015. Confidence on this measure is somewhat lower than registered during the 2015 wave. In 2016, 16 per cent say they are confident and 46 per cent somewhat confident in our ability to find solutions to protect our borders, while 20 per cent said confident and 53 per cent said somewhat confident in 2015.

These observations are based on a hybrid telephone and online random survey of 1,000 Canadians between July 28th and August 1st, 2016, as part of an omnibus survey. Participants were randomly recruited by telephone using live agents and administered a survey online. The sample included both land- and cell-lines across Canada. Individuals randomly called using random digit dialling with a maximum of five call backs. The margin of error for a random survey of 1,000 Canadians is ±3.1 percentage points, 19 times out of 20.

2015-2016 Policy Map

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, May 24th to 28th, 2015, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.



2015-2016 Policy Map table

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, July 28th to August 1st, 2016, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, May 24th to 28th, 2015, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.

		2015	2016	Change
Ensuring safe communities	Importance (Mean score out of ten)	7.97	8.01	+0.04
	Confidence (Out of four)	2.9	2.7	-0.2
Protecting our borders	Importance (Mean score out of ten)	7.12	7.24	+0.12
	Confidence (Out of four)	2.9	2.7	-0.2
Fighting terrorism	Importance (Mean score out of ten)	6.36	7.13	+0.77
	Confidence (Out of four)	2.7	2.5	-0.2
Asserting Canada's role in international affairs	Importance (Mean score out of ten)	6.69	6.79	+0.10
	Confidence (Out of four)	2.6	2.7	+0.1

Importance of Security Challenges

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, July 28th to August 1st , 2016, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, May 24th to 28th, 2015, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, April 6th to 9th, 2013, n=1013, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, April 6th to 9th, 2013, n=1013, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, representative online random survey, July 5th to 9th, 2012, n=1333.



Importance of safe communities

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, July 28th to August 1st, 2016, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, May 24th to 28th, 2015, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, April 6th to 9th, 2013, n=1013, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, representative online random survey, July 5th to 9th, 2012, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.



Subgroups	Mean Score 2012	Mean Score 2013	Mean Score 2015	Mean Score 2016
Canada (n=1000)	8.36	8.37	7.97	8.01
Atlantic (n=100)	8.62	8.78	8.18	8.17
Quebec (n=250)	8.17	7.75	7.90	7.98
Ontario (n=300)	8.31	8.60	7.90	8.06
Prairies (n=200)	8.59	8.55	8.25	8.00
BC (n=150)	8.27	8.44	7.72	7.88
Male (n=495)	8.19	8.23	7.82	7.93
Female (n=505)	8.53	8.50	8.12	8.09
18 to 29 (n=205)	8.11	8.31	7.81	7.73
30 to 39 (n=169)	8.20	8.02	8.17	8.05
40 to 49 (n=208)	8.30	8.27	7.78	8.22
50 to 59 (n=178)	8.50	8.37	7.95	7.94
60 plus (n=239)	8.60	8.75	8.15	8.10

*Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding

QUESTION – For each of the challenges, please rate their importance to you on a scale of 1 to 10, where 1 is not at all important and 10 is very important in terms of Canada's future.

Importance of border protection

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, July 28th to August 1st, 2016, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, May 24th to 28th, 2015, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, April 6th to 9th, 2013, n=1013, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, representative online random survey, July 5th to 9th, 2012, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.



Subgroups	Mean Score 2012	Mean Score 2013	Mean Score 2015	Mean Score 2016
Canada (n=1000)	7.40	7.78	7.12	7.24
Atlantic (n=100)	7.56	7.75	7.39	7.50
Quebec (n=250)	7.28	7.12	7.21	7.48
Ontario (n=300)	7.47	8.09	7.10	7.19
Prairies (n=200)	7.56	7.99	7.20	7.16
BC (n=150)	7.13	7.97	6.68	6.90
Male (n=495)	7.15	7.61	6.99	7.16
Female (n=505)	7.66	7.93	7.23	7.33
18 to 29 (n=205)	7.04	7.55	6.42	6.74
30 to 39 (n=169)	7.16	7.61	7.15	7.30
40 to 49 (n=208)	7.27	7.40	7.17	7.24
50 to 59 (n=178)	7.73	8.01	7.36	7.58
60 plus (n=239)	7.72	8.24	7.44	7.40

*Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding

QUESTION – For each of the challenges, please rate their importance to you on a scale of 1 to 10, where 1 is not at all important and 10 is very important in terms of Canada's future.

Protecting our borders.

Importance of Canada's role in international affairs

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, July 28th to August 1st , 2016, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, May 24th to 28th, 2015, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, April 6th to 9th, 2013, n=1013, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, representative online random survey, July 5th to 9th, 2012, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.

Mean

Score

2012

7.06

7.03

7.27

7.03

6.98

6.89

6.88

7.24

7.07

7.00

6.89

7.00

7.27

Mean

Score

2013

7.47

7.63

7.45

7.34

7.65

7.42

7.25

7.70

7.72

7.66

7.01

7.23

7.75

Mean

Score

2015

6.69

6.70

7.04

6.44

6.61

6.69

6.63

6.74

6.15

6.61

6.65

6.77

7.18

Mean

Score

2016

6.79

7.26

7.13

6.52

6.56

6.77

6.58

7.00

6.63

6.66

6.65

6.77

7.17



Importance of fighting terrorism

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, July 28th to August 1st , 2016, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, May 24th to 28th, 2015, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.



Subgroups	Mean Score 2015	Mean Score 2016
Canada (n=1000)	6.36	7.13
Atlantic (n=100)	6.56	7.21
Quebec (n=250)	6.77	7.43
Ontario (n=300)	6.12	7.21
Prairies (n=200)	6.63	7.13
BC (n=150)	5.67	6.42
Male (n=495)	6.28	7.12
Female (n=505)	6.44	7.15
18 to 29 (n=205)	5.48	6.43
30 to 39 (n=169)	6.51	6.98
40 to 49 (n=208)	6.29	7.55
50 to 59 (n=178)	6.68	7.31
60 plus (n=239)	6.83	7.37

*Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding

QUESTION – For each of the challenges, please rate their importance to you on a scale of 1 to 10, where 1 is not at all important and 10 is very important in terms of Canada's future. [RANDOMIZE]

Fighting terrorism.

Confidence in nation's ability to find solutions

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, July 28th to August 1st , 2016, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, May 24th to 28th, 2015, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.



*Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding

QUESTION – For each of the challenges, are you confident, somewhat confident, somewhat not confident or not confident in our ability as a nation to find solutions? [RANDOMIZE]

Confidence in safe communities

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, July 28th to August 1st , 2016, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, May 24th to 28th, 2015, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, April 6th to 9th, 2013, n=1013, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, representative online random survey, July 5th to 9th, 2012, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.



*Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding

QUESTION – For each of the challenges, are you confident, somewhat confident, somewhat not confident or not confident in our ability as a nation to find solutions? [RANDOMIZE]

Ensuring safe communities.

Confidence in safe communities

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, July 28th to August 1st , 2016, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, May 24th to 28th, 2015, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.



*Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding

QUESTION – For each of the challenges, are you confident, somewhat confident, somewhat not confident or not confident in our ability as a nation to find solutions? [RANDOMIZE]

Ensuring safe communities.

Confidence in Ensuring Safe Communities

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, July 28th to August 1st, 2016, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.



Subgroups	Confident / Somewhat confident
Atlantic (n=100)	70.6%
Quebec (n=250)	63.1%
Ontario (n=300)	63.5%
Prairies (n=200)	65.0%
British Columbia (n=150)	68.1%
Male (n=495)	63.9%
Female (n=505)	66.3%
18 to 29 (n=205)	68.9%
30 to 39 (n=169)	65.3%
40 to 49 (n=208)	69.2%
50 to 59 (n=178)	61.5%
60 plus (n=239)	61.0%

somewhat not confident or not confident in our ability as a nation to find solutions?

Confidence in Canada's role in international affairs

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, July 28th to August 1st , 2016, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, May 24th to 28th, 2015, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, April 6th to 9th, 2013, n=1013, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, April 6th to 9th, 2013, n=1013, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, representative online random survey, July 5th to 9th, 2012, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.

*Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding

QUESTION – For each of the challenges, are you confident, somewhat confident, somewhat not confident or not confident in our ability as a nation to find solutions? [RANDOMIZE]

Asserting Canadian's role in international affairs.

Asserting Canada's Role in International Affairs

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, July 28th to August 1st , 2016, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.

Subgroups	Confident / Somewhat confident
Atlantic (n=100)	61.9%
Quebec (n=250)	64.4%
Ontario (n=300)	56.8%
Prairies (n=200)	57.3%
British Columbia (n=150)	66.2%
Male (n=495)	53.9%
Female (n=505)	67.5%
18 to 29 (n=205)	62.0%
30 to 39 (n=169)	64.9%
40 to 49 (n=208)	59.4%
50 to 59 (n=178)	59.1%
60 plus (n=239)	59.0%

QUESTION – For each of the challenges, are you confident, somewhat confident, somewhat not confident or not confident in our ability as a nation to find solutions? [Randomize]

Asserting Canadian's role in international affairs.

Confidence in protecting our borders

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, July 28th to August 1st , 2016, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, May 24th to 28th, 2015, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, April 6th to 9th, 2013, n=1013, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, representative online random survey, July 5th to 9th, 2012, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.

*Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding

QUESTION – For each of the challenges, are you confident, somewhat confident, somewhat not confident or not confident in our ability as a nation to find solutions? [RANDOMIZE]

Protecting our borders.

Confidence in protecting our borders

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, July 28th to August 1st , 2016, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, May 24th to 28th, 2015, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.

■ Confident ■ Somewhat confident ■ Somewhat not confident ■ Not confident ■ Unsure

*Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding

QUESTION – For each of the challenges, are you confident, somewhat confident, somewhat not confident or not confident in our ability as a nation to find solutions? [RANDOMIZE]

Protecting our borders.

Protecting Our Borders

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, July 28th to August 1st, 2016, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.

Confidence in fighting terrorism

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, July 28th to August 1st , 2016, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20. Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, May 24th to 28th, 2015, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.

■ Confident ■ Somewhat confident ■ Somewhat not confident ■ Not confident ■ Unsure

*Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding

QUESTION – For each of the challenges, are you confident, somewhat confident, somewhat not confident or not confident in our ability as a nation to find solutions? [RANDOMIZE]

Fighting terrorism.

Fighting Terrorism

Source: Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, July 28th to August 1st , 2016, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.

Methodology

Nanos conducted an RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) hybrid telephone and online random survey of 1,000 Canadians between July 28th and August 1st, 2016, as part of an omnibus survey. Participants were randomly recruited by telephone using live agents and administered a survey online. The sample included both land- and cell-lines across Canada. The results were statistically checked and weighted by age and gender using the latest Census information and the sample is geographically stratified to be representative of Canada.

Individuals randomly called using random digit dialling with a maximum of five call backs.

The margin of error for a random survey of 1,000 Canadians is ± 3.1 percentage points, 19 times out of 20.

Previous waves:

- a representative online random survey of 1,000 Canadians, conducted from July 5th to 9th, 2012, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20;
- a national RDD dual frame (land- and cell- lines) random telephone survey of 1,013 Canadians conducted between April 6th and 9th, 2013 as part of an omnibus survey. The margin of error for a survey of 1,013 Canadians is ±3.1 percentage points, 19 times out of 20; and,
- a national RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) random telephone survey of 1,000 Canadians conducted between May 24th and Way 28th, 2015 as part of an omnibus survey. The margin of error for a survey of 1,000 Canadians is ±3.1 percentage points, 19 times out of 20.

This research was sponsored by Nanos.

Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

About Nanos

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Technical Note

Element	Description	Element	Description
Organization who commissioned the research	Nanos Research.	Weighting of Data	The results were weighted by age and gender using the latest Census information (2014) and the sample is geographically stratified to ensure a distribution across all regions of Canada. See tables for full weighting disclosure
Final Sample Size	1000 Randomly selected individuals.		Screening ensured potential respondents did not work in the market research industry, in the advertising industry, in the
Margin of Error	± 3.1 percentage points, 19 times out of 20.	Screening	media or a political party prior to administering the survey to ensure the integrity of the data.
Mode of Survey	RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) random telephone omnibus survey	Excluded Demographics	Individuals younger than 18 years old; individuals without land or cell lines could not participate.
Sampling Method Base	The sample included both land- and cell-lines RDD (Random Digit Dialed) across Canada.	Stratification	By age and gender using the latest Census information (2014) and the sample is geographically stratified to be representative of Canada. Smaller areas such as Atlantic Canada were marginally oversampled to allow for a minimum regional sample.
	Atlantic Canada, Quebec, Ontario, Prairies, British	Estimated Response Rate	17% percent, consistent with industry norms.
Demographics (Captured)	Six digit postal code was used to validate geography.		This report contains 8 of the 34 questions asked in total. A full list of questions in the order they were asked is appended to the end
Fieldwork/Validation	Live interviews with live supervision to validate work as per the MRIA Code of Conduct		of this report.
Number of Calls	· Maximum of five call backs.	Question Content	about funding for the Olympic games. Module three was about top unprompted issues of national concern.
Time of Calls	Individuals were called between 12-5:30 pm and 6:30- 9:30 pm local time for the respondent	Question Wording	The questions in the preceding report are written exactly as they were asked to individuals.
		Survey Company	Nanos Research
Field Dates	July 28 th to August 1 st , 2016.	Contact	Contact Nanos Research for more information or with any concerns or questions.
Language of Survey	The survey was conducted in both English and French.		nttp://www.nanosresearch.com Telephone:(613) 234-4666 ext. Email: info@nanosresearch.com.

Tabulations

Confidential

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