Majority support federal deficits - budget gets middling score

National survey released April, 2016
Project 2016-811B

## THE GLOBE AND MAIL*

## Canadians score federal budget 5.8 out of 10 - and a majority support or somewhat support increased spending on indigenous peoples

Overall, Canadians thought that the 2016 Federal budget was average. However, when asked if running deficits is acceptable as long as the size of the federal debt is declining in relation to the size of the economy a majority of Canadians say continuing to run deficits is acceptable. As well, there was broad support for an increase in money allocated to indigenous groups.

- Impressions of the federal budget -When asked based on what they've heard, to rate the recently released federal budget Canadians gave it a mean score of 5.8 out of 10. Just under half of Canadians (42\%) thought that the recently released federal budget was average (defined as a score of four to seven out of 10), while $27 \%$ thought it was poor (defined as a score of one to three out of 10 ). However, just under a quarter ( $24 \%$ ) thought it was excellent(defined as a score of over eight out of 10). Seven percent said they were unsure.
- Support for running a deficit - Just over half of Canadians support or somewhat support running a deficit for the 2016 Federal budget ( $24 \%$ support; $31 \%$ somewhat support). Conversely, $29 \%$ of Canadians oppose and $16 \%$ somewhat oppose running a deficit.
- Running a deficit vs balancing the budget - Just over half (54\%) of Canadians think that the government should continue to run annual deficits as long as the size of the federal debt is declining in relation to the size of the economy, while $37 \%$ of Canadians think that the government should do what it takes to balance the budget before the next election.
- Support for increased indigenous budgets - Seven in ten Canadians say that they support or somewhat support increased budgets for indigenous peoples over the next five years (40\% support; 30\% somewhat support). Almost a third of Canadians say they oppose or somewhat oppose the same thing ( $14 \%$ oppose; 14\% somewhat oppose).

Nanos conducted an RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) hybrid telephone and online random survey of 1,000 Canadians, 18 years of age or older, between March 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ and April $4^{\text {th }}, 2016$ as part of an omnibus survey. Participants were randomly recruited by telephone using live agents and administered a survey online. The sample included both land- and cell-lines across Canada. The results were statistically checked and weighted by age and gender using the latest Census information and the sample is geographically stratified to be representative of Canada. The margin of error for a random survey of 1,000 Canadians is $\pm 3.1$ percentage points, 19 times out of 20.

## Impressions of the federal budget

Source: The Globe and Mail/Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, March 31st and April 4th, 2016, 2016, $\mathrm{n}=1000$, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.

*Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding

QUESTION - The federal government released its 2016 budget on March 22. From what you've heard, how would you rate the budget on a scale of one to 10 , with one being poor and 10 being excellent?

## Support for running a deficit to pay for new spending

Source: The Globe and Mail/Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, March 31st and April 4th, 2016, 2016, n=1000, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19

| Net Score | Unsure 2\% | Subgroups | Support/ Somewhat support |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| +10.4 |  | Atlantic ( $\mathrm{n}=100$ ) | 63.8\% |
|  |  | Quebec ( $\mathrm{n}=250$ ) | 56.3\% |
|  |  | Ontario ( $\mathrm{n}=300$ ) | 51.2\% |
|  |  | Prairies ( $\mathrm{n}=200$ ) | 46.4\% |
|  |  | British Columbia ( $\mathrm{n}=150$ ) | 61.8\% |
|  |  | Male ( $\mathrm{n}=500$ ) | 54.1\% |
|  |  | Female ( $\mathrm{n}=500$ ) | 54.7\% |
|  |  | 18 to 29 ( $\mathrm{n}=171$ ) | 51.8\% |
|  |  | 30 to 39 ( $\mathrm{n}=169$ ) | 50.9\% |
|  |  | 40 to 49 ( $n=218$ ) | 54.9\% |
|  |  | 50 to 59 ( $\mathrm{n}=224$ ) | 57.8\% |
|  |  | 60 plus ( $\mathrm{n}=218$ ) | 56.1\% |

*Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding
QUESTION - The 2016 federal budget plans for a $\$ 29.4$-billion deficit this fiscal year starting April $1^{\text {st }}$ in order to pay for new spending on infrastructure, indigenous (First Nations, Inuit and Metis) peoples, family benefits and other measures. Do you support, somewhat support, somewhat oppose or oppose running a deficit of this size?

## Running a deficit versus balancing the budget

Source: The Globe and Mail/Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, March 31st and April 4th, 2016, 2016, $n=1000$, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.

|  | Subgroups | The government should do what it takes to balance the budget | The government should continue to run annual deficits |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Atlantic ( $\mathrm{n}=100$ ) | 26.9\% | 58.4\% |
|  | Quebec ( $\mathrm{n}=250$ ) | 39.3\% | 53.7\% |
|  | Ontario ( $\mathrm{n}=300$ ) | 38.3\% | 54.7\% |
|  | Prairies ( $\mathrm{n}=200$ ) | 41.1\% | 49.5\% |
|  | British Columbia ( $\mathrm{n}=150$ ) | 33.0\% | 58.3\% |
|  | Male ( $\mathrm{n}=500$ ) | 39.2\% | 54.2\% |
| The government should continue | Female ( $n=500$ ) | 35.2\% | 54.4\% |
| to run annual | 18 to 29 ( $\mathrm{n}=171$ ) | 33.8\% | 54.4\% |
| the size of the | 30 to 39 ( $\mathrm{n}=169$ ) | 37.6\% | 54.2\% |
| federal debt is declining in | 40 to 49 ( $n=218$ ) | 37.9\% | 54.1\% |
| relation to the | 50 to $59(n=224)$ | 37.3\% | 56.5\% |
| size of the <br> economy | 60 plus ( $\mathrm{n}=218$ ) | 39.1\% | 52.8\% |

*Note: Charts infynnotyadd up to 100 due to rounding
should do what it takes to balance the budget efore the next election 37\%

QUESTION - The federal government is likely to continue to run deficits for the next four years. When it comes to deficits, which of the following is closer to your own personal view?

## Support for increased budget for Indigenous peoples

Source: The Globe and Mail/Nanos Research, RDD dual frame hybrid telephone and online random survey, March 31st and April 4th, 2016, 2016, $n=1000$, accurate 3.1 percentage points plus or minus, 19 times out of 20.

*Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding
QUESTION - The 2016 budget includes $\$ 8.4$-billion for indigenous (First Nations, Inuit and Metis) peoples over the next five years, with half of the resources going toward on-reserve education. Do you support, somewhat support, somewhat oppose or oppose this part of the budget?


Methodology
THE GLOBE AND MALL* (DNANOS SURVEY

## Methoorolofy

Nanos conducted an RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) hybrid telephone and online random survey of 1,000 Canadians, 18 years of age or older, between March $31^{\text {st }}$ and April $4^{\text {th }}, 2016$ as part of an omnibus survey. Participants were randomly recruited by telephone using live agents and administered a survey online. The sample included both land- and cell-lines across Canada. The results were statistically checked and weighted by age and gender using the latest Census information and the sample is geographically stratified to be representative of Canada.

Individuals randomly called using random digit dialling with a maximum of five call backs.

The margin of error for a random survey of 1,000 Canadians is $\pm 3.1$ percentage points, 19 times out of 20.

The data presented in this research is part of a joint project by The Globe and Mail and Nanos Research.

Note: Charts may not add up to 100 due to rounding.

## Technical Note

| Element | Description | Element | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Organization who commissioned the research | Globe and Mail | Weighting of Data | The results were weighted by age and gender using the latest Census information (2014) and the sample is geographically stratified to ensure a distribution across all regions of Canada. See tables for full weighting disclosure |
| Final Sample Size | 1,000 Randomly selected individuals. | Screening | Screening ensured potential respondents did not work in the market research industry, in the advertising industry, in the media or a political party prior to administering the survey to ensure the integrity of the data. |
| Margin of Error | $\pm 3.1$ percentage points, 19 times out of 20. |  |  |
| Mode of Survey | RDD dual frame (land- and cell-lines) hybrid telephone and online omnibus survey | Excluded Demographics | Individuals younger than 18 years old; individuals without land or cell line could not participate. |
| Sampling Method Base | The sample included both land- and cell-lines RDD (Random Digit Dialed) across Canada. | Stratification | By age and gender using the latest Census information (2014) and the sample is geographically stratified to be representative of Canada. Smaller areas such as Atlantic Canada were marginally oversampled to allow for a minimum regional sample. |
| Demographics (Captured) | Atlantic Canada, Quebec, Ontario, Prairies, British Columbia; Men and Women; 18 years and older. Six digit postal code was used to validate geography. | Estimated Response Rate | 19.1 percent, consistent with industry norms. |
|  |  | Question Order | Question order in the preceding report reflects the order in which they appeared in the original questionnaire. |
| Demographics (Other) | Age, gender, education, income |  |  |
| Fieldwork/Validation | Live interviews with live supervision to validate work as per the MRIA Code of Conduct | Question Content | This was module four of an omnibus survey. The modules preceding these questions included top unprompted national issues of concern, vote preferences, and questions on energy and the environment. |
| Number of Calls/ | Maximum of five call backs. | Question Wording | The questions in the preceding report are written exactly as they were asked to individuals. |
| Time of Calls | Individuals were called between 12-5:30 pm and 6:309:30pm local time for the respondent. | Survey Company | Nanos Research |
| Field Dates | March 31st and April 4th, 2016. | Contact | Contact Nanos Research for more information or with any concerns or questions. <br> http://www.nanosresearch.com <br> Telephone:(613) 234-4666 ext. <br> Email: info@nanosresearch.com. |
| Language of Survey | The survey was conducted in both English and French. |  |  |

## About Nanos

Nanos is one of North America's most trusted research and strategy organizations. Our team of professionals is regularly called upon by senior executives to deliver superior intelligence and market advantage whether it be helping to chart a path forward, managing a reputation or brand risk or understanding the trends that drive success. Services range from traditional telephone surveys, through to elite in-depth interviews, online research and focus groups. Nanos clients range from Fortune 500 companies through to leading advocacy groups interested in understanding and shaping the public landscape. Whether it is understanding your brand or reputation, customer needs and satisfaction, engaging employees or testing new ads or products, Nanos provides insight you can trust.


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Tabulations
THE GLOBE AND MAIL *
(1)NANOS SURVEY

## (1) nanos

2016-811 - The Globe and Mail/Nanos Survey - Federal Budget - STAT SHEET

|  |  |  | Region |  |  |  |  |  | Gender |  | Age |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Canada } \\ & 2016-03 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Atlantic Canada | Quebec | Ontario | Prairies | British Columbia | Male | Female | 18 to 29 | 30 to 39 | 40 to 49 | 50 to 59 | 60 plus |
| Question - The federal | Total | Unwgt N | 1000 | 100 | 250 | 300 | 200 | 150 | 500 | 500 | 171 | 169 | 218 | 224 | 218 |
| 2016 budget on March 22. |  | Wgt N | 1000 | 100 | 250 | 300 | 200 | 150 | 500 | 500 | 205 | 169 | 208 | 178 | 239 |
| how would you rate the budget on a scale of one to |  | Mean | 5.79 | 6.44 | 6.00 | 5.60 | 5.35 | 5.98 | 5.59 | 5.99 | 6.27 | 5.34 | 5.74 | 5.81 | 5.72 |
| 10 being ex | Very poor (1) | \% | 12.9 | 5.5 | 10.6 | 14.5 | 16.4 | 13.7 | 14.4 | 11.4 | 10.4 | 16.7 | 14.0 | 9.8 | 13.8 |
|  | 2 | \% | 5.7 | 4.4 | 3.5 | 5.1 | 10.6 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 6.8 | 5.1 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 5.9 | 5.0 |
|  | 3 | \% | 7.9 | 3.3 | 8.1 | 9.9 | 8.8 | 5.6 | 10.3 | 5.6 | 8.5 | 5.4 | 4.9 | 9.5 | 10.6 |
|  | 4 | \% | 5.6 | 7.5 | 4.4 | 6.7 | 3.9 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 4.8 | 3.7 | 9.0 | 6.2 | 4.6 | 5.0 |
|  | 5 | \% | 9.6 | 10.6 | 9.2 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 7.0 | 7.8 | 11.3 | 8.0 | 9.1 | 10.7 | 13.0 | 7.8 |
|  | 6 | \% | 10.2 | 12.3 | 13.1 | 8.3 | 8.4 | 10.5 | 10.1 | 10.3 | 13.5 | 14.3 | 8.3 | 8.9 | 7.3 |
|  | 7 | \% | 16.9 | 23.4 | 17.6 | 15.9 | 14.8 | 16.2 | 18.3 | 15.5 | 15.0 | 14.8 | 19.8 | 17.0 | 17.4 |
|  | 8 | \% | 16.1 | 18.4 | 21.2 | 13.9 | 10.9 | 17.7 | 14.9 | 17.4 | 12.1 | 14.7 | 17.0 | 19.4 | 17.5 |
|  | 9 | \% | 5.5 | 3.5 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 10.0 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 7.4 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 4.2 | 8.4 |
|  | Excellent (10) | \% | 2.6 | 2.2 | 3.4 | 3.2 | . 5 | 3.0 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 2.5 | . 0 | 3.7 | 1.7 | 4.2 |
|  | Unsure | \% | 7.0 | 9.1 | 4.3 | 7.1 | 10.1 | 5.6 | 5.2 | 8.7 | 13.9 | 6.4 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 3.2 |

 sample included both land- and cell-lines across Canada. The margin of error for a random survey of 1,000 Canadians is 3.1 percentage points, 19 times out of 20 .

## (n) nanos

2016-811 - The Globe and Mail/Nanos Survey - Federal Budget - STAT SHEET

|  |  |  | Region |  |  |  |  |  | Gender |  |  | Age |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Canada } \\ & 2016-03 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Atlantic Canada | Quebec | Ontario | Prairies | British Columbia | Male | Female | 18 to 29 | 30 to 39 | 40 to 49 | 50 to 59 | 60 plus |
| Question - The 2016 federal budget plans for a \$29.4billion deficit this fiscal year starting April 1st in order to pay for new spending on infrastructure, indigenous (First Nations, Inuit and Metis) peoples, family benefits and other measures. Do you | Total | Unwgt N | 1000 | 100 | 250 | 300 | 200 | 150 | 500 | 500 | 171 | 169 | 218 | 224 | 218 |
|  |  | Wgt N | 1000 | 100 | 250 | 300 | 200 | 150 | 500 | 500 | 205 | 169 | 208 | 178 | 239 |
|  | Support | \% | 23.5 | 28.6 | 22.2 | 24.1 | 19.4 | 26.2 | 23.1 | 23.8 | 20.4 | 17.9 | 17.5 | 26.5 | 33.0 |
|  | Somewhat support | \% | 30.9 | 35.2 | 34.1 | 27.1 | 27.0 | 35.6 | 31.0 | 30.9 | 31.4 | 33.0 | 37.4 | 31.3 | 23.1 |
|  | Somewhat oppose | \% | 15.5 | 16.2 | 17.8 | 15.7 | 13.6 | 13.0 | 13.7 | 17.2 | 21.4 | 15.7 | 15.4 | 15.3 | 10.3 |
|  | Oppose | \% | 28.5 | 17.6 | 23.9 | 32.0 | 37.8 | 24.3 | 31.6 | 25.5 | 24.4 | 33.5 | 27.7 | 26.4 | 30.8 |
|  | Unsure | \% | 1.6 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 2.2 | . 8 | . 6 | 2.6 | 2.4 | . 0 | 1.9 | . 5 | 2.7 |

Nanos conducted an RDD dual frame (land-and cell- lines) hybrid telephone and online random survey of 1,000 Canadians, 18 years of age or older, between March $31^{\text {st }}$ and April $4^{\text {th }}$, 2016. The sample included both land- and cell-lines across Canada. The margin of error for a random survey of 1,000 Canadians is 3.1 percentage points, 19 times out of 20 .

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|  |  |  | Region |  |  |  |  |  | Gender |  | Age |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Canada } \\ & 2016-03 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Atlantic Canada | Quebec | Ontario | Prairies | British Columbia | Male | Female | 18 to 29 | 30 to 39 | 40 to 49 | 50 to 59 | 60 plus |
| Question - The federal | Total | Unwgt N | 1000 | 100 | 250 | 300 | 200 | 150 | 500 | 500 | 171 | 169 | 218 | 224 | 218 |
| continue to run deficits for |  | Wgt N | 1000 | 100 | 250 | 300 | 200 | 150 | 500 | 500 | 205 | 169 | 208 | 178 | 239 |
| comes to deficits, which of the following is closer to your own personal view? [ROTATE] | The government should do what it takes to balance the budget before the next election | \% | 37.2 | 26.9 | 39.3 | 38.3 | 41.1 | 33.0 | 39.2 | 35.2 | 33.8 | 37.6 | 37.9 | 37.3 | 39.1 |
|  | The government should continue to run annual deficits as long as the size of the federal debt is declining in relation to the size of the economy | \% | 54.3 | 58.4 | 53.7 | 54.7 | 49.5 | 58.3 | 54.2 | 54.4 | 54.4 | 54.2 | 54.1 | 56.5 | 52.8 |
|  | Not sure | \% | 8.5 | 14.7 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 9.5 | 8.7 | 6.6 | 10.4 | 11.8 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 6.3 | 8.1 |

 sample included both land- and cell-lines across Canada. The margin of error for a random survey of 1,000 Canadians is 3.1 percentage points, 19 times out of 20 .

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|  |  |  | Region |  |  |  |  |  | Gender |  | Age |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Canada } \\ & 2016-03 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Atlantic Canada | Quebec | Ontario | Prairies | British Columbia | Male | Female | 18 to 29 | 30 to 39 | 40 to 49 | 50 to 59 | 60 plus |
| Question - The 2016 budget includes $\$ 8.4$-billion for | Total | Unwgt N | 1000 | 100 | 250 | 300 | 200 | 150 | 500 | 500 | 171 | 169 | 218 | 224 | 218 |
| indigenous (First Nations, Inuit and Metis) peoples |  | Wgt N | 1000 | 100 | 250 | 300 | 200 | 150 | 500 | 500 | 205 | 169 | 208 | 178 | 239 |
| over the next five years, with half of the resources going | Support | \% | 39.9 | 43.5 | 41.3 | 43.4 | 29.5 | 41.9 | 37.5 | 42.3 | 41.0 | 33.0 | 38.1 | 42.3 | 43.6 |
| toward on-reserve education. Do you support, | Somewhat support | \% | 30.2 | 27.8 | 32.2 | 31.4 | 29.0 | 28.0 | 31.4 | 29.1 | 30.4 | 34.0 | 31.7 | 26.1 | 29.3 |
| somewhat oppose or | Somewhat oppose | \% | 13.8 | 18.5 | 9.1 | 13.0 | 18.0 | 14.7 | 14.2 | 13.4 | 15.9 | 11.6 | 11.9 | 17.3 | 12.6 |
|  | Oppose | \% | 14.3 | 8.2 | 14.0 | 11.4 | 21.0 | 15.5 | 15.5 | 13.0 | 10.6 | 20.5 | 16.6 | 13.3 | 11.6 |
|  | Unsure | \% | 1.8 | 2.1 | 3.4 | . 8 | 2.5 | . 0 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 2.1 | . 9 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 2.9 |

 sample included both land- and cell-lines across Canada. The margin of error for a random survey of 1,000 Canadians is 3.1 percentage points, 19 times out of 20 .

